### **2017 GHG Inventory**

**Jonathan Gregory – Utility Admin** 

May 21, 2018



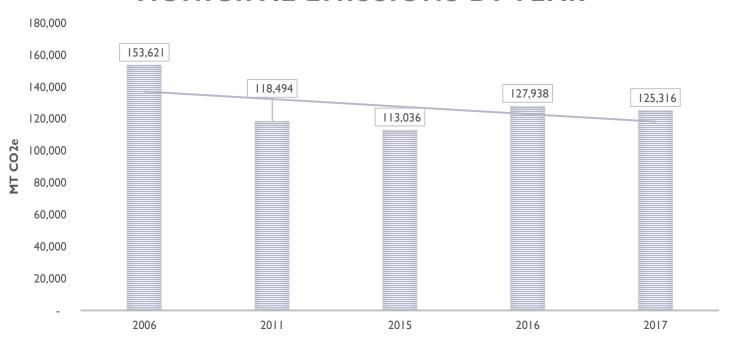
### Background:

- Directive of U.S. Mayor's Climate Protection Agreement (2005)
- Scaled at Municipal Operation level and Community Activity level
- Annual collection of emissions-related data
- ▶ Base Year = 2006

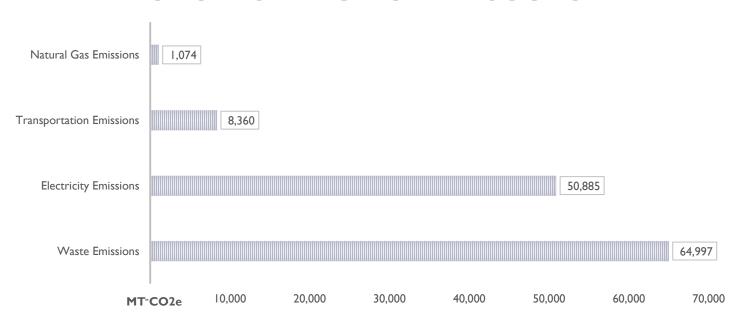
## Objective:

- Air Quality and Greenhouse Gas Management is a key focus area of Denton's Sustainability Plan.
- By tracking and working to reduce GHG emissions, the city can save energy and money, strengthen the local economy, improve air quality, and preserve the quality of life in our community.

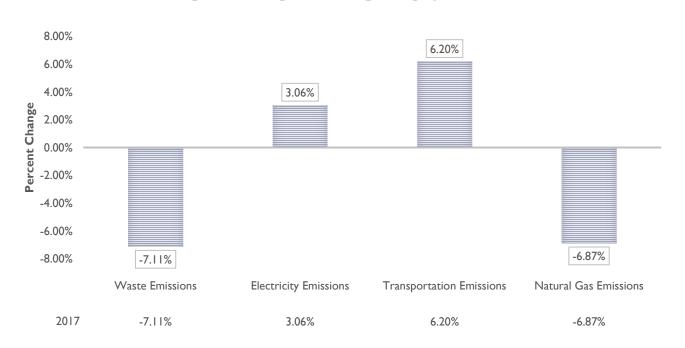
#### **MUNICIPAL EMISSIONS BY YEAR**



#### **GHG DISTRIBUTION BY SOURCE**



#### PERCENT CHANGE OVER YEAR



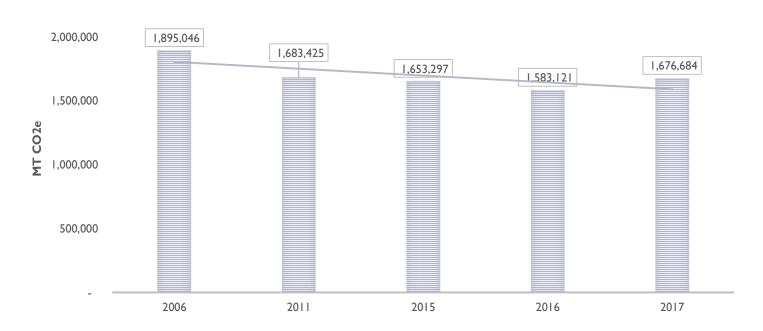
#### PERCENT CHANGE OVER BASEYEAR



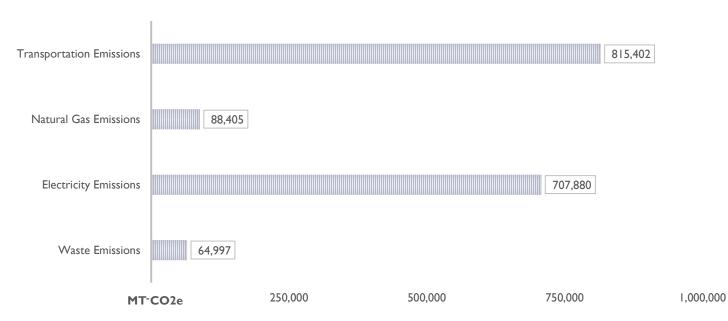
- Summary of Data
  - ▶ Total GHG emissions are down by 23% since 2006.
  - Per capita emissions are down by 49% since 2006.
  - ▶ Electricity consumption for municipal operations decreased by nearly 3% compared to 2016.
  - Due to changes in fuel sources of electricity and the associated emission factors, the total MTCO2e for electricity increased by 3% compared to 2016.

- Summary of Data
  - Natural Gas consumption for heating and cooling continues to decrease (since 2011).
  - An increase in diesel and biodiesel fuel consumption, compounded by an increase in the emission factors for these fuels, led the rise in transportation emissions.
  - Fuel efficiency among light duty, unleaded fuel vehicles continues to improve (i.e. Green Fleet Policy).
  - After observing an increase in waste emissions last year, there was a 7% decrease in 2017.

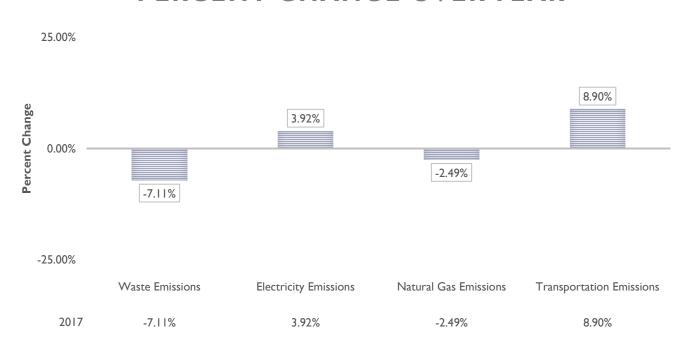
#### **COMMUNITY EMISSIONS BY YEAR**



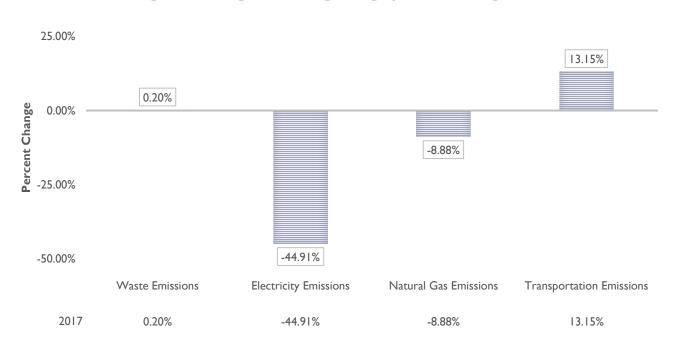
### **GHG DISTRIBUTION BY SOURCE**



#### PERCENT CHANGE OVER YEAR



#### PERCENT CHANGE OVER BASE YEAR



- Summary of Data
  - ▶ Total GHG emissions are down by 13% since 2006.
  - Per capita emissions are down by 41% since 2006.
  - Electricity consumption on a per capita level continue to decrease, but total consumption increased compared to 2016. 75% of the electricity increases can be attributed to the Industrial sector.
  - Total electricity emissions increased by 4%, which can mostly be associated with emission factor changes.

- Summary of Data
  - Natural gas emissions decreased community-wide by 2.5% compared to 2016. This was led by the residential sector, which decreased consumption rates by over 8%.
  - Updated regional modeling for vehicle miles traveled (VMT) suggests an increase by nearly 9%.
    - Data can be spread over a five year period
    - ▶ ~2% per year growth is comparable to population growth rates

### Direction:

- Continue to improve communication methods between departments for more efficient data sharing.
  - Develop an online dashboard for GHG data sharing.
- Collaborate with DME to prepare for the incorporation of the Denton Energy Center emissions.
- Partner with Fleet to offer more education to staff about idling and fuel-conscious driving tactics.
- Continue to work with Facilities Management to test and implement energy/water efficiency measures.

# Questions:

