Presentation to the

Denton City Council



"Housing Tax Credit Applications"



February 7, 2017

Denton Housing Authority

The Denton Housing Authority was formed to address the housing needs of low income families in the city of Denton.

It's mission is: "To transform DHA into a premier housing authority through honest and effective leadership by providing quality affordable housing and promoting programs that foster economic independence to enhance the lives of our clients and enrich our communities."

DHA's Residential Developments

Pecan Place Apartments

302 South Locust, Denton, TX 76201 24 Units



Heritage Oaks Apartments 2501 North Bell Avenue, Denton, TX 76208 114 Units



Renaissance Courts Apartments 1224 E. Hickory, Denton, TX 76205 150 Units





Denton's Rental Housing Demand

APARTMENT MARKET DATA, LLC

CONSULTANTS, ECONOMISTS, ANALYSTS

Conducted a rental market analysis that indicated the following:

- Currently the Denton rental market is 98.9% occupied.
- Employment growth shows demand for 3,937 new rental units over the next five years based on a conservative 3.0% annual growth estimate.



DHA currently has 3,000 households on the Housing Choice Voucher waiting list.



Housing Tax Credit (HTC) Program

• The Housing Tax Credit Program is codified in Section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 as a means of directing <u>private capital</u> toward the creation of affordable rental housing.

• Tax Credits are a dollar-for-dollar tax reduction for a 10 year period for the tax credit investor



Housing Tax Credit Program

• Use of the credits comes with a mandatory 15 year compliance period

• HTCs are awarded to owners of projects, who then sell the credits to investors for a certain price, which then becomes the equity contributed to the project.



Housing Tax Credits

- Minimum 30 Year Affordability Commitment
 - 15 year Compliance Period
 - <u>15 year Extended Use Period</u> Project owner must agree to extend low-income housing use for at least 15 years
 - This agreement is binding on the project owner AND successors
 - Agreement is recorded in the real property records and can be enforced by tenants



Housing Tax Credit Program

• The HTC Program in Texas is administered by the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA)

- There are two different HTC Programs:
 - A Competitive 9% Program and,
 - A Non-Competitive 4% Program
- Each HTC Program is funded from different tax credit allocations



Area Medium Income (AMI) \$71,700 (Denton County)

Family Size	1	2	3	4	5
Income (60%)	\$30,112	\$34,425	\$38,378	\$43,012	\$46,462
Income (50%)	\$25,100	\$28,700	\$32,300	\$35,850	\$38,750



Non-Competitive 4% HTC Program

- TDHCA accepts and funds applications year round
- Although, there is a State wide cap as to the amount of credits that can be awarded annually, the cap is rarely reached.
- Tax exempt bonds are also part of the financing of the housing development
- The bonds may be issued by an affiliate of a Housing Authority, a Municipality, a County or the State
- The application must include a resolution of "Non-Opposition" must be approved by the Municipality or the County if the site is in an unincorporated area

Competitive 9% HTC Program

- The 9% Program has an annual application and funding cycle
 - This year, the pre-applications were due January 9, 2017
 - The final applications are due March 1, 2017
 - The awards are made in the third week of July, 2017
- The Credits are awarded based on a Regional Allocation Formula
- Applications are scored and ranked within their region in accordance with the rules and laws outlined in the Qualified Allocation Plan (QAP)
- The final application must include a resolution from the local unit of government
- In 2017, 85 pre-applications were submitted in Region 3



The Veranda

Mayhill Pointe

Palladium Denton

Current and Potential Partnerships

Standard MedStation

Reserve at Sherman

Hudson MedStation



The Veranda – NRP Group

In 2015, DHA executed a MOU with a private developer that outlined the business terms to create a partnership to construct a 322 unit residential development. The Veranda is a workforce housing development for residents whose income is 60% of Area Medium Income (AMI) or less, adjusted for family size.

The terms of the MOU allowed DHA to share in the distribution of the developer fee and cash flow. The DHA also retains the right of first refusal to purchase the development after 15 years.

The Veranda was financed in part with 4% tax credits. The Denton City Council approved a resolution for these projects.



The Standard and Hudson at MedPark Station

In 2016, DHA entered into a MOU with affiliates of Ojala Holdings, a private developer, that outlined the business terms to create two partnerships to construct two residential developments. The Standard at MedPark Station, a 263 units family development and the Hudson at MedPark Station, a 160 elderly development.

The terms of the MOU will allow DHA to share in the distribution of the developer fee and cash flow of both projects. The DHA also retains the right of first refusal to purchase the developments after 15 years.

Both MedPark Station developments are scheduled to be financed in part with 4% tax credits. The Denton City Council will be requested to approved a resolution for these projects.



2017 9% HTC Applications

- Pre-applications for the 2017 9% HTC awards were due on January 9, 2017.
- TDHCA received 85 applications from Region 3, of which 3 applications were for projects in the city of Denton.
- As of January 31, 2017 DHA negotiated a MOU with one of the developers to create a partnership for the purpose of submitting a final application for a 9% HTC award.
- The application will require a resolution of support from the City Council to be approved.



2017 9% HTC Applications

- Palladium Denton
 - Family Development 180 Units
 - MOU with DHA
- Reserve at Sherman
 - Family Development 120 Units
 - Negotiating a MOU with DHA as of 1-31-17
- Mayhill Pointe
 - Family Development 150 Units
 - As of 1-31-17, no contact with DHA



DHA/Developer Partnerships

Development	Partner	Type	No. of Units	Est. Revenue (DHA 15 Years)
The Veranda	NRP	Family	322	\$3,000,000
MedPark Standard	l Ojala	Family	263	\$2,400,000
MedPark Hudson	Ojala	Elderly	160	\$1,900,000
Palladium	Palladium	Family	180	\$2,500,000
Totals			926	\$9,800,000

Use of Funds

DHA will use funds generated from the partnerships with developers to:

- > Create more quality affordable housing,
- >Fund DHA programs and operations, and
- >Assist in funding support service programs that are provided by other community agencies.



Denton Supportive Services

- ➤DHA will provide up to 5% of the funds received from the partnerships to local agencies to provide services for DHA clients and the community.
- >DHA may enter into a partnership with United Way of Denton County to distribute the funds.
- >DHA may establish other programs that address other housing needs and services.



Request to the City Council

The DHA requests that before the Denton City Council approves a resolution for a Housing Tax Credit application (4% or 9%), that the developer/applicant have an executed Memorandum of Understanding with the DHA related to the proposed project.



Criteria to be used by DHA to select proposed developments are, but not limited to the following:

- The response to local market demand
- Site Characteristics:
 - Location
 - Neighborhood Amenities
- Proposed Financing
- Experience of the Developer
- Management of the Development
- Addressing special need populations in the community



The MOU will include, but not limited to the following:

- Location of the proposed development
- Type of development (Family or Elderly) and number of units
- Define DHA's role in the ownership structure
- Sharing in the developer fees and cash flow
- Authority to review the design and monitor the construction
- Right of first refusal to purchase the development after the 15 year compliance period
- Review and approve the selection of the tax credit investor, lender and property management company
- Require developers to set aside 3 5 units per development for special needs populations, including homeless and veterans families.



The Denton City Council is requested to consider adopting a similar Resolution as listed below.

Resolution No.

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY OF DENTON DECLARING THE CITY COUNCIL'S POLICY ON ISSUING RESOLUTIONS OF "NON OPPOSITION" AND "SUPPORT" FOR FOUR PERCENT (4%) AND NINE PERCENT (9%) LOW INCOME HOUSING TAX CREDIT APPLICATIONS TO THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS FOR MULTIFAMILY DEVELOPMENTS WITHIN THE CITY OF DENTON.





MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 15, 2017

TO: Todd Hileman, City Manager

FROM: John Cabrales, Assistant City Manager

SUBJECT: Denton Housing Authority Housing Tax Credit Resolution Issues

ISSUE

The Denton Housing Authority (DHA) has been before council in two recent work session discussions to ask the council not to issue any resolutions of support for any housing tax credit development applications in Denton, unless the developer and DHA have executed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) related to the proposed development. These discussions have raised several questions with council and below are answers to some of those questions. The information was provided by DHA, Denton ISD, Denton County and the Community Development Division. There is another council work session discussion scheduled for Feb. 21 and two germane action items that are resolutions of support for 9% housing tax credit development applications.

QUESTIONS

How is the funding from DHA derived from these projects?

DHA enters into an MOU with a private housing tax credit developer, that among other things allows DHA to share in the developer fees and other cash flow that are derived from the sale of low income housing tax credits (if awarded) and bond revenues. These developer fees are usually deferred over a 15-17 year period. DHA has partnered with private developers on three of the eleven tax credit developments in the City. Currently DHA has Pecan Place (1993), Renaissance Courts (2004) and The Veranda (2015) (Exhibit 1).

In the MOU agreement for the 150 unit Renaissance Courts, DHA owned the land and negotiated to receive 50% of the developer fees and 100% of the cash flow after 10 years. In total DHA has received \$700,000 in developer fees from this project and has used it to pay asset management and loan refinancing fees. Renaissance Courts is expected to complete payment of loan to DHA by 2018. DHA does have the right of first refusal to purchase Renaissance Courts at the end of the 15 year compliance period, which is estimated to be 2020-21, and will need approximately \$2 million for this purchase.

In 2016 DHA entered into an MOU (Exhibit 3) on the 322 unit residential development known as The Veranda. As a result of the agreement, DHA will receive 35% of the developer fees and 50% of the other cash flow. On page 11 of Exhibit 3, there is a breakdown of the annual payments to DHA over a 17 year period. For year one of this agreement, DHA received approximately \$122,500 for developer fees in the FY 2015-16. They will not receive any more developer fees until The Veranda reaches "stabilization" or "lease up," defined by the state as 90% of the units leased for three consecutive months. When stylization is reached, which is estimated to be November 2018, then they can resume collection of a portion of the developer fees annually, which are scheduled to end by the tenth year. However, in the tenth year, the cash flow payments begin and go until year 17, of which DHA receives 50%. DHA has the right of first refusal to purchases the property in year 15, and if they do purchase the property they will get 100% of the cash flow.

Of the developer fees received thus far from The Veranda MOU, DHA has used these revenues to pay for construction monitoring and other repairs and upgrades at other DHA properties. DHA expects to receive additional developer fees in 2018. Some of these fees will be used to go towards the purchase of Renaissance Courts and other development opportunities.

What is the funding that DHA is expecting to get for the two 9% tax credit projects? DHA has been in MOU discussion with Palladium for the proposed 180 unit Palladium development, and with MV Residential for the 120 Reserve at Sherman development. The proposed agreements have a 15 to 17 year developer fee and cash flow pay out with the following breakdown:-

- Developer = 50%
- DHA = 35%
- Historically Underutilized Business (HUB) = 15% (This is a state mandated percentage if a HUB is brought on as a partner.)

The two developers want to bring on a HUB as a partner because under the Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs (TDHCA) scoring of housing tax credit applications, the developer will get an additional point for having a HUB partner. This will also impact the cash flow breakdown to the following.

- Developer 48%
- DHA 28%
- HUB 14%
- Tax Credit Investor 10%

If DHA had land to offer up for these types of developments, then they would be able to negotiate a higher percentage of the developer fees or cash flow. For example, the Fort Worth Housing Authority (FWHA) has been able to negotiate 50% in developer fees and 50% in cash flow because they have used land owned by FWHA for the development.

FWHA also has taken advantage of a Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) program to convert existing public housing units into Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) units. Under RAD, Housing Authorities are able to raise substantial amounts of capital to rehabilitate or redevelop deteriorating public housing developments. The RAD program operates by converting public housing subsidies into Section 8 vouchers that are attached to some of the units in the housing tax credit development. Also, the City of Ft Worth has approved a policy that all applicants for housing tax credits, partner with the housing authority or another public entity, require a percentage of RAD units or supportive housing units, and a minimum of market rate units.

Denton Housing Authority does not have or own public housing units so they do not qualify for the RAD credits.

How would the 5% funds the DHA mentioned going to United Way be used? How was 5% derived? Why not 10%, 50%?

DHA has a need for programs and services to better improve the lives of the families they serve and to foster independence and self-sufficiency. These programs could include financial management, budget training, job training, childcare classes, counseling, help with utilities, etc. These programs are already available here in Denton, and DHA does not want to duplicate them. They also know that a lot of these agencies are losing local, state, and federal funds. However, revenues from developer fees could be used to keep families from becoming homeless. For example, if a voucher family's utilities are shut off, DHA is required to terminate them from the program, which could result in the family becoming homeless. Funds received from non-federal sources, such as developer fees, could be used to pay for utility bill and for other services that will help families stay in stable housing.

DHA's ability to partner with a developer allows them to earn additional revue streams, and not just rely on the federal funding. Their ability to negotiate developer fees and cash flow from these types of projects also allows some of these funds to remain here locally. DHA understands that partnering with the United Way of Denton County and other non-profits makes sense because many of their clients are supported by local non-profit programs and services. An amount of 5% of annual revenues was being discussed, because DHA feels that they will need most of the funding from these agreements to purchase the development after the 15 years.

They are already partnering with United Way by the providing the land for a new office building & community center and United Way in turn will provide space for DHA to use for meetings with their clients. DHA is also working with United Way to provide funds for Supportive Housing needs in the community. They also already partner with Giving HOPE, Inc. to provide funds for a Security Deposit & Application Fee program for clients searching for better housing.

DHA proposes to allocate some of total developer fees (\$1,265,000) for their current fiscal year (Exhibit 4, page 2) in the following way.

- \$63,250 to United Way agencies that provide services to DHA clients
- \$150,000 to United Way to develop a Pilot Housing Program

- \$5,000 to Giving Hope for Security Deposit payments
- \$450,000 reserve towards the purchase of Renaissance Courts
- The remaining balance will be used for DHA operations

Is it true that in the past five years, no new affordable housing built?

Since 1993, Denton has had eleven housing tax credit developments (see exhibit 1) with the last one being 322 multifamily unit development known as The Veranda. The Texas Department of Housing & Community Affairs (TDHCA) scores all housing tax credit applications within the rules outlined in their Qualified Action Plan (QAP). According to the QAP any housing tax credit development proposed in a community, whose population is greater than 100,000, and has more than 20 percent Housing Tax Credit Units per capita, shall be considered ineligible unless the Governing Body of the municipality passes a resolution of support. In other words, if a city has two times or more than the state average of affordable housing units ratio to the total household units in a city, then the developer will not get any points towards their application, unless they convince the city council to pass a resolution of support.

At one time the City of Denton was over the threshold and resolutions of support were required by TDHCA, the City of Denton has been at two times or higher of said state average so we were not an attractive community for housing tax credit developers looking to score points on their application. However, due to the growth in population in Denton we recently dropped below this state average so developers are coming back to Denton to try and build these types of developments.

Construction of Housing Tax Credit properties has been only one method used to support affordable housing in the Denton community. Over the past 32 years, the City of Denton has supported affordable housing by providing grants and very low-interest loans to low income homeowners who would probably not have been able to stay in their homes or may have been in a unit that had some significant and possibly dangerous problems. HUD funding has also been used to assist low and moderate-income households to purchase homes by providing funding for down payment and closing costs. Over the years, the City has worked with the Denton Affordable Housing Corporation, Habitat for Humanity and Cumberland Presbyterian Children's Home to provide affordable housing either through renovation, purchase and rehabilitation, or new construction. Habitat currently has a funding agreement with the City to build a unit on Alexander St. and DAHC has funding to renovate a six-plex on Bolivar Street. Though HUD funding has been reduced significantly in the last few years, the City continues to use the funds to support affordable housing in a variety of ways.

Also, the QAP changes each year so developers must locate available land in a qualified census tract (QCT) in order to score enough points to receive an award. DHA has submitted preapplications in previous years, but could never score enough points, based on the location of the land they owned near downtown and in northern Denton.

According to the Census Bureau's 2015 American Community Survey (ACS), there are a total of 48,282 "housing units" in Denton. Occupied "Housing units" in Denton are listed at 45,529 and

comprise 94.3%. Renter occupied units amount to 23,744 and comprise 52.2% of the occupied units (45,529). The ACS also shows an increase in rental households earning \$15,000 - \$49,000 from 2010 to 2015. There were 15,098 households in 2010, and 16,654 in 2015 for an increase of 1,556 households or 10.31%. Employment growth shows demand for 3,937 new rental units over the next five years based on a conservative 3.0% annual employment growth estimate.

DHA current voucher holders experience a difficult time locating units to use the voucher, especially 1& 2 bedroom units. DHA has 3,000 families on their waiting list. They are expecting a reduction in HUD funding and may have to reduce their program from 1536 vouchers/assisted families to 1420.

What amount of taxes is the city forgoing for each project?

It is not known what the value of either the 180 unit Palladium development or the 120 unit Reserve at Sherman development will be. However, if we use the value of The Veranda development in the financial documents (Exhibit 3) it shows that the cost of the land acquisition and building is \$47,568,010 million. Because of the developer's partnership with DHA, this development is tax exempt. Had the City been able to collect taxes for this property we estimate that had the development been completed for FY 2016-17 the taxes would have been approximately \$325,051.

Our Building Inspections (BI) Division uses a multiplier from the International code council as a way to provide values for different types of buildings. According to BI, they have given The Veranda project a multiplier of \$107.72 per square foot, which gives the buildings a value of \$45,953,760. The financials from this agreement estimate the land acquisition costs at \$2,500,000 so when we add these two together for a total of \$48,453,760, which is close to the values in the financial documents.

It is important to note that a housing tax credit development only becomes tax exempt when it partners with a housing authority. Also, under state law DHA is only allowed to partner with two 9% developments per year, but it is not limited to the number of partnerships it can have with 4% developments.

Financials for DHA

Some additional financial information was requested from DHA. They have provided us with a one page overview of their FY 2016-17 Budget (Exhibit 4), their accountant's compilation report on their balance sheet as of January 31, 2017 (Exhibit 5) and their year-end auditor's report for FY 2014-15 (Exhibit 6), and their negotiation activities with housing tax credit developers (Exhibit 7).

DHA's current budget shows total operating income of \$3,643,160. Current budgeted expenses are \$2,972,949, leaving a net operating income of \$670,211. They also receive \$11,000,000 in Housing Assistance Payments (HAP) funds to distribute annually to landlords, and these are restricted to HAP. DHA financial as of January 2016 (Exhibit 5) show the housing authority's assets and liabilities and income statement for the first four months of the fiscal year. Their total

assets are \$9,056,123. The majority of these assets are restricted (HUD funding) and most of the land is tied to the developments. The operating revenues for each program are listed on page 5 and show operating revenues and expenses for the current fiscal year.

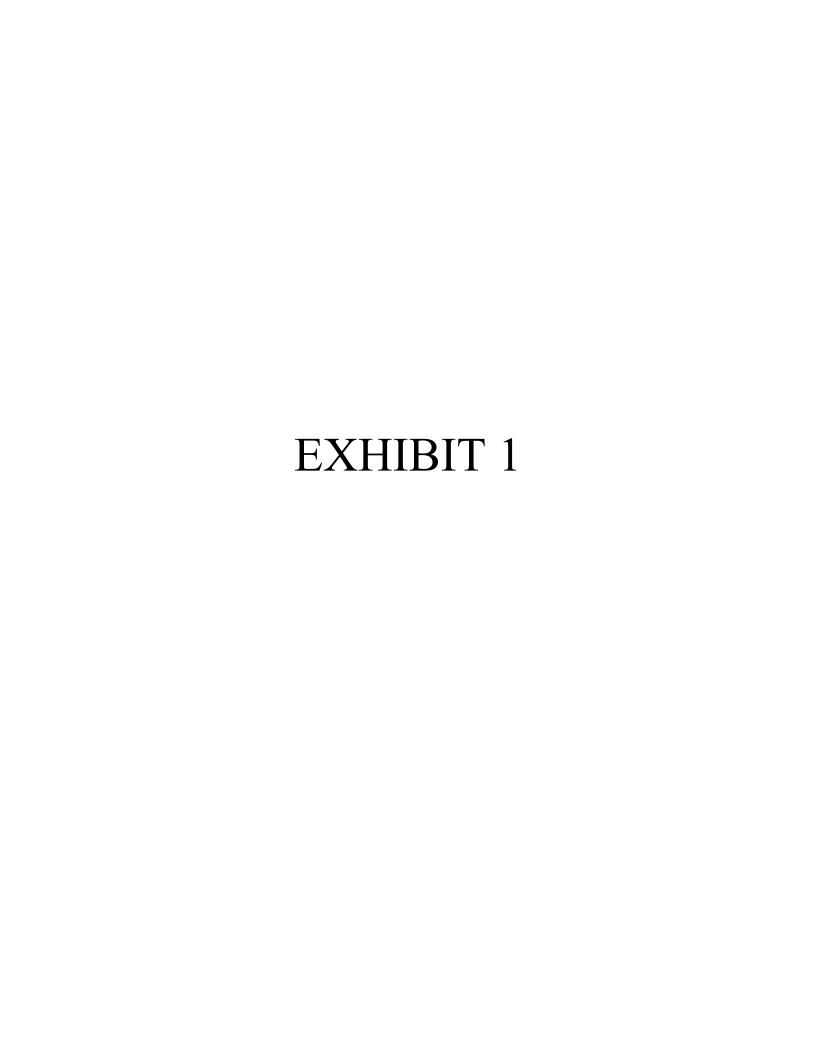
Why do Developers want to work with Housing Authorities?

Private developers choose to work with local housing authorities in order to better structure their deals financially and to have a local connection to the community. Housing Authority's bring a wealth of community knowledge and experience and can better assist them in going through the planning process with the local municipalities. Property and sales tax exemptions allow developers to save thousands of dollars for supplies and materials and real estate tax. Sometimes these expenses alone can make the business performa unattractive for the development. Also, the instability of the current market has lowered the price for the sale of the tax credits, most recently from \$1.06 to \$.85. This means that the revenue from the sale of the credits will be much lower than expected, and thus partnering with a housing authority is much more desirable to a developer. Housing authorities also bring to the table a waiting list of potential applicants already looking for affordable housing and families on the wait list are provided rental opportunities with the development before opening it up to the general public.

How are school districts and County allowed input?

State law does not require applicants for tax credits to get "support" from the schools or the county. However, DHA does try to notify and work with the school so that they will know of potential population increase in the school in which the development will be located. DHA did receive a letter of support from the school superintendent for The Veranda.

Staff did reach out to Denton County and Denton ISD (DISD) to solicit any concerns or input regarding the proposed 180 unit Palladium development and the 120 Reserve at Sherman development. Denton County Judge Mary Horn stated that she was not in support of the developments, and Commissioner Bobbie Mitchell stated that she was in support. DISD is supportive of affordable housing and is not opposed to these developments, but they do have concerns about the impact that the amount of children that these developments would place in their schools. They are also concerned about the impact to some of their programs such as the free and reduced lunch and Communities in Schools. As of the drafting of this memo, they had not submitted their letter they were drafting for council consideration.



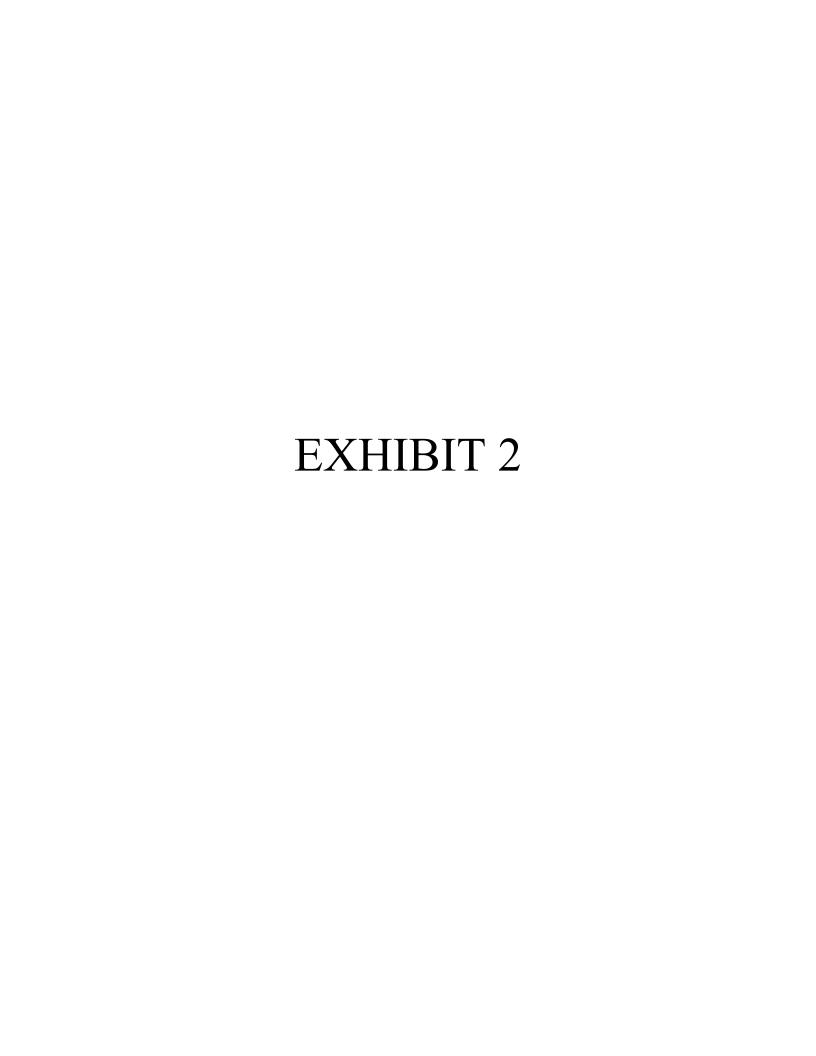
TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY AFFAIRS

Inventory of Developments Placed in Service or Under Construction as of January 26. 2017 Board Meeting

TDHCA #	Program Type	Original TDHCA#	Year	Board Approval	Development Name	Project Address	Project City	Project County	Zip Code	LIHTC Amt Awarded	Total Units	LIHTC Units	Population Served	Apt. Phone #
93010	9% HTC		1993	1993	Pecan Place	302 S. Locust St.	Denton	Denton	76201	\$209,406	24	24	Elderly	(940) 484-9535
94138	9% HTC		1994	1994	Country Park Apartments	1606 East McKinney St.	Denton	Denton	76209	\$701,222	120	120	General	(940) 243-0007
96003	9% HTC		1996	1996	The Waterford at Spencer Oaks	2100 Spencer Rd.	Denton	Denton	76205	\$1,128,301	208	156	General	(940) 591-8400
98-02T	4% HTC		1998	1998	Pebblebrook Apartments	191 Dutchess Dr.	Denton	Denton	76208	\$650,859	250	250	General	(940) 243-2098
01408	4% HTC		2001	04/26/01	Rosemont @ Pecan Creek (fka Knollv	3500 E. McKinney	Denton	Denton	76205	\$932,246	276	276	General	(940) 383-9400
01409	4% HTC		2001	04/26/01	Primrose @ Sequoia Park (fka Bluffvi	1400 E. University Dr.	Denton	Denton	76209	\$728,563	250	250	General	(940) 383-4344
02474	4% HTC		2002	04/10/03	Quail Creek North	3500 Quail Creek Drive	Denton	Denton	76201	\$1,039,028	264	264	General	(972) 733-3399
04151	9% HTC		2004	07/28/04	Renaissance Courts*	1224 E. Hickory St.	Denton	Denton	76205	\$993,822	150	120	General	(940) 383-3039
05616	4% HTC	05447	2005	09/16/05	Providence Place II	3500 Quail Creek Dr.	Denton	Denton	76208	\$1,071,070	252	252	Elderly	972-239-8500
07037	9% HTC	04151	2007	10/12/06	Renaissance Courts	1224 E. Hickory St.	Denton	Denton	76205	\$65,771	0	0	General	(940) 383-3039
11248	9% HTC		2011	07/28/11	The Roxton	307 N Loop 288	Denton	Denton	76209	\$1,362,651	126	122	General	(305) 854-7100
15411	4%HTC		2015	12/17/15	The Veranda	2420 E. McKinney Street	Denton	Denton	76209	\$1,666,107	322	322	General	(940) 383-3039
		_	_			Denton Count*	11						_	

^{*}TDHCA REPORT LISTS 12 - Renassiance Court (04151 to 07037) listed twice due to second tax credit award. One was removed.

SOURCE: http://www.tdhca.state.tx.us/multifamily/housing-tax-credits-9pct/index.htm



MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN DENTON PUBLIC FACILITY CORPORATION AND NRP HOLDINGS LLC "Denton Apartments"

NRP is a developer of affordable housing in the State of Texas. DPFC is a public facility corporation whose mission, in part, is to provide safe, decent and sanitary housing for low-income persons. NRP and DPFC hereby agree to work cooperatively to develop affordable housing at the following location, in accordance with the terms of this MOU:

Denton Apartments, a 322 unit multifamily apartment development to be located in the 2400 block of East McKinney Street, Denton, Denton County, Texas 76209 (the "Project").

In order to accomplish this purpose, the parties agree as follows:

AGREEMENTS:

A. Definitions.

- 1. Class B LP -An affiliate of NRP that, to the extent permitted by applicable law, will be admitted to the Partnership.
- 2. Closing The initial closing and funding of Construction Loan and Equity financing to the Partnership.
- 3. Construction Loan The loan identified in Section E.1 hereof for the construction of the Project.
- 4. Developer NRP Holdings LLC.
- 5. Development Fee The fee paid to Developer in the amount set forth in Section L.1 hereof.
- 6. Equity The equity financing of the Project identified in Section E.2 hereof.

- 7. General Partner A single purpose entity affiliated with DPFC that will be admitted to the Partnership as general partner.
- Guarantor One or more affiliates of the Class B LP which will guarantee the Construction Loan and Permanent Loan and Equity that shall be reasonably acceptable to the General Partner.
- 9. Investor LP -The provider of the Equity through a purchase of an Investment in the Partnership entitling the Investor LP to the Tax Credits. The Investor LP may, at Developer's option and with the consent of the General Partner, be a limited partnership formed by Developer.
- 10. Keystone Keystone Services LLC, an Ohio limited liability company.
- 11. Manager NRP Management LLC, an Ohio limited liability company.
- 12. Management Agreement Property Management Agreement between the Partnership and Manager, the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "A".
- 13. MOU This Memorandum of Understanding between DPFC and NRP.
- 14. NRP NRP Holdings LLC, an Ohio limited liability company.
- 15. NRPC NRP Contractors LLC, an Ohio limited liability company.
- 16. Partnership McKinney Denton Apartments, Ltd. to be formed Texas limited partnership, which will be the limited partnership formed for the purpose of owning the Project.
- 17. Partnership Agreement The Amended and Restated Partnership Agreement to be entered into among the General Partner, Class B LP, Developer and Guarantor and the Investor LP, to be drafted by counsel for the Investor LP.
- 18. Permanent Loan The loan identified in Section E.1.
- 19. Pre-Development Loan-The loan identified in Section P.2.
- 20. QAP Qualified Allocation Plan for 2015 Tax Credits issued by TDHCA.
- 21. Subordinate Loan(s) The loan(s) identified in Section E.1, if any, which will be subordinate to the Construction Loan and Permanent Loan.
- 22. Tax Credits Low Income Tax Credits allocated by TDHCA.
- 23. TDHCA Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs.

B. Summary of Compensation and Fees.

- 1. DPFC shall receive thirty-five percent (35%) of the Developer Fee. (See Section L.1 hereof)
- 2. Developer shall receive sixty-five percent (65%) of the Developer Fee. (See Section L.1.)
- 3. NRPC shall receive a general contractor fee, overhead, profit and general conditions as set forth in Section F.6.
- 4. Manager shall receive a Management Fee as set forth in Section G.1.
- 5. Keystone shall receive the fee set forth in Section H.

C. Ownership Structure.

- 1. The Partnership will be formed by Developer for the purpose of owning the Project.
- 2. The General Partner will become the sole general partner and will be admitted to the Partnership at Closing. To the extent permitted by applicable law as amended between the date hereof and Closing, the Class B LP will have certain control oversight and approval rights. Any such rights must be agreed to by DPFC and may not, in the opinion of DPFC's counsel, result in the Special LP being deemed a General Partner for exercising its rights under the Partnership Agreement (as hereinafter defined).
- 3. The duties of the General Partner and the Class B LP shall be set forth in the Partnership Agreement.
- 4. Title to the land for the Project shall be taken in the name of DPFC, or a subsidiary of DPFC, and DPFC, or such subsidiary shall then enter into a long-term ground lease (the "Ground Lease") with the Partnership as tenant holding an interest in the improvements that constitute the Project. Funding for the acquisition of the land will come from the financing of the Project, and may be paid to DPFC in the form of an up-front Ground Lease payment. Upon termination of the Ground Lease, ownership of the improvements constituting the Project shall revert to DPFC.

D. <u>Due Diligence</u>

- 1. As a condition to DPFC's participation with the Project, _DPFC requires NRP to provide all due diligence information on the Project and its proposed financing and operations.
- 2. A proforma budget of the Project is attached to this MOU as Exhibit "B" entitled "Proforma Development Budget". DPFC and NRP acknowledge that the proforma is subject to change. DPFC further acknowledges that NRP shall be responsible for maintaining and updating the proforma budget, which shall be subject to review and approval by DPFC.

E. Financing.

- I. On behalf of the Partnership, Developer has applied for a reservation of up to Twenty Three Million Nine Hundred Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$23,915,000) in private activity bonds (the "Bonds") to be issued by DPFC ("Issuer"). If the Partnership receives a reservation of Bonds, Developer shall be responsible for selecting the manner in which the Bonds will be sold to facilitate debt financing for the Project and negotiating the Bond financing terms on behalf of the Partnership, provided that DPFC shall have the right to review and approve the financing arrangements and the terms and conditions of any Bond or loan document.
- 2. The Partnership will require a taxable bridge loan in the approximate amount of Fourteen Million Five Hundred Eighty Three Thousand Seven Hundred Eighty Seven Dollars (\$14,583,787). NRP shall identify financing sources for the taxable bridge loan on behalf of the Partnership and coordinate all interaction with the lender. The General Partner shall have the right to review and approve the financing arrangements and the terms and conditions of the financing arrangements of the taxable bridge loan, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. A commitment for the taxable bridge loan shall be in place prior to Closing (as hereinafter defined). The General Partner shall timely review and comment upon any documents related to the taxable bridge loan and shall timely execute any and all such documentation.
- 3. On behalf of the Partnership, Developer has applied for approximately One Million Six hundred Twenty One Thousand One Hundred Seventy Six Dollars (\$1,621,176) in Tax Credits from TDHCA. The parties anticipate that the Investor LP will provide Equity in return for the benefit of the Tax Credits. NRP shall negotiate equity financing for the Project on behalf of the Partnership and coordinate all interaction with the Investor LP. DPFC shall have the right to review and approve the financing arrangements of the Equity, such approval not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed. The Equity financing documents are expected to include the Partnership Agreement. The General Partner shall timely review and comment upon any documents related to the Equity and shall timely execute any and all such documentation at Closing.

4

- 4. Developer shall pay all costs and fees associated with applying for the Bonds, the Loan, and Tax Credits, which costs, along with all other pre-development costs incurred by Developer (to the extent included within the approved budget), shall be reimbursed at Closing from the proceeds of the Bonds and Equity. In the event this MOU is terminated or the transaction fails to close as contemplated herein, Developer shall be solely responsible for all costs described above and DPFC and its affiliates shall have no responsibility for payment or reimbursement of such costs.
- 5. Guarantor shall provide any guarantees that may be required in conjunction with the Loan financing or the Equity referenced in paragraphs E.1 and E.2 above.

Because NRP is providing any ongoing compliance or other guaranties, NRP and DPFC shall enter into a Master Agreement, the form of which is attached hereto as Exhibit "C" providing for NRP's right to control certain decisions of the Partnership (including, but not limited to, those which could affect Guaranty liability) and for reimbursement of sums expensed by NRP as guarantor from sources available to the Partnership as provided in the Partnership Agreement.

The Project will undergo audits from the Investor LP, provider of the Permanent Loan, provider of the Subordinate loan(s), and from the Partnership. The Partnership shall facilitate providing the necessary documents requested by the various parties to allow for the aforementioned third party audits. DPFC shall have reasonable access to records and financial reports for inspection and review.

F. Design and Construction.

- 1. Developer shall provide comprehensive development services to the Partnership pursuant to a Development Agreement to be entered into by the Partnership and Developer.
- 2. NRP has provided DPFC a detailed pro forma budget for the Project, a current copy of which is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit "B"</u>.
- 3. NRP shall be responsible for obtaining the services of design professionals for the design of the site plan and design of the project. DPFC will be provided copies of the final plans and specifications for the Project, including all construction contracts. DPFC will have the right to review, comment and approve such plans, and specifications.
- 4. In order to secure an exemption from state sales tax for the acquisition of building materials, DPFC shall serve as the general contractor and enter into a master subcontractor agreement for the construction of the Project with NRPC.
- 5. The sub-contractor of the project will be NRPC, an affiliate of NRP. NRP shall provide the Partnership a standard AIA form Lump Sum contract in an amount and otherwise on terms and conditions acceptable to all parties, each acting reasonably,

the form of which is attached to this MOU at Exhibit "D". In no event shall the amount of the general contract be less than shown in the Project proforma attached hereto. The lump sum payable to NRPC shall be an expense of the Partnership and shall be inclusive of a typical 6-2-6 construction profit (i.e., 6% builder profit, 2% overhead and 6% general conditions) all of which will be drawn on a percent complete based on the percent of work complete. The fixed price amount of the contract will also include a contractor's contingency of 5% solely for the use of NRPC and to be drawn as needed by approved change order to complete the work as needed. Any unused contingency at the completion of the project will be used to pay deferred development fee; provided, however, that General Partner shall not unreasonably withhold its approval of any construction draw request involving release of contingency.

- 6. NRP shall be responsible for obtaining all governmental approvals and permits needed in order to construct and operate the Project.
- 7. NRPC shall guarantee to the Partnership, the Investor LP and any lender, delivery of the Project on time and within the approved budget (as it may be amended or revised from time to time with appropriate approvals).
- 8. The Project shall be constructed so as to comply with ADA and Section 504 requirements, as applicable under federal and state law.
- 9. The Partnership will not accept any financing source which requires a bond from the general contractor or master subcontractor without DPFC's and NRP's approval.
- 10. In no event will the Project require a contingency in excess of five percent (5%) of hard costs without the approval of NRPC.
- 11. NRP shall be responsible for the preparation of the construction loan draws for the Project.
- 12. Ramel Consulting ("Consultant") shall participate in the construction loan draw meetings and monitor the design and construction activities for the Project.

G. Management and Operation.

NRP Management, LLC or such other Developer designated affiliate shall serve as the property manager ("Manager") for the Project, which will be memorialized in a management agreement (the "Management Agreement"), the form of which is attached hereto as <a href="Exhibit "A". At any time that there are compliance guaranties executed by any affiliate of NRP, the General Partner shall (i) have consent in any removal of the Manager and (ii) shall have approval of any subsequent Manager. Any approval of any subsequent Manager while there are compliance guaranties executed by any affiliate of NRP shall be accomplished by NRP presenting up to three (3) acceptable property management firms to the General Partner for review and approval. The amount of the

Management Fee shall be four and 75/100 percent (4.75%) of effective collected gross income and paid as outlined in the Property Management Agreement. Because the Project consists of new construction, prior to the receipt of a Certificate of Occupancy for the first residential building, the Manager will be compensated by monthly fees equal to Twenty Dollars (\$20) per unit commencing with the first complete month after the first community employee commences to work at the Project, provided such date is typical for when an employee would commence working at similar projects. The parties understand that in no event shall the first community employee commence work any earlier than three to four months prior to the receipt of a Certificate of Occupancy.

H. Accounting.

Subject to termination for reasonable cause, Keystone, an affiliate of NRP, shall provide accounting services (including but not limited to: (i) bookkeeping, monitoring reporting requirements and processing construction loan draws and change orders, and (ii) preparation of and/or coordinating preparation of cost certification, carryover, 10% test, tax returns and the Partnership's audit and audited financial statements for filing or certification by the Partnership's outside accountants,) to the Project until the later of: (i) conversion to the Permanent Loan; (ii) receipt of the final installment of the Equity Financing; and (iii) receipt of Form 8609. Keystone shall receive a fee from the Partnership of Two Hundred dollars (\$200) per unit per year for such services, but in no event more than Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000) annually.

Supportive Services.

NRP will identify an appropriate provider of supportive services. The scope of such supportive services shall be consistent with the committed to services in the application for the Tax Credits. The fee for such supportive services will be as shown in the final proforma. Pursuant to the approved budget, DPFC shall monitor and approve the provision of such supportive services during the Tax Credit compliance period. Developer shall be responsible for providing any evidence of supportive services which may be required for the Tax Credit application.

J. Community Support.

DPFC and NRP shall be jointly responsible for interfacing with the local governmental officials in connection with support for the Project. The parties will consult with each other and coordinate the response to any media inquiries and/or public opposition to the Project that may arise.

K. Tax Exemption.

The ownership structure contemplated herein is expected to generate an ad valorem tax exemption for the Project. DPFC, on behalf of the Partnership, shall work with the applicable appraisal district to obtain confirmation of the availability of such exemption.

7

L. Fees and Expenses.

1. As consideration for the services of the Developer in connection with the construction and development of the Project, Partnership shall in accordance with Partnership Agreement, pay a fee (the "Developer Fee") of up to Five Million Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$5,020,000) or such maximum amount as may be permitted by all applicable laws, rules and regulations including those of TDHCA and lender, which Developer Fee shall include any Developer's overhead charged to the Project.

NRP will receive 65% of the Developer Fee and DPFC will receive 35% of the Developer Fee.

The obligations of the Partnership to pay the Developer Fee shall be non-recourse to the Partners of the Partnership but recourse to the assets of the Partnership.

- 2. The General Partner may be entitled to receive certain fees or priority distributions for its services in such capacity as set forth in the Partnership Agreement. Such amounts shall be payable from the Partnership's net cash flow, as provided in the Partnership Agreement.
- 3. After payment of the Developer Fee, the General Partner's fee, if any, and any other priority net cash flow payments established in the Partnership Agreement, the General Partner and the Class B LP shall split any remaining net cash flow distribution, 50% to the Class B LP and 50% to General Partner.
- 4. Neither party shall enter into any contractual relationship or agreement relating to the Project that would cause either financial or legal liability to the other, without the other party's prior written consent.

M. Long Term Ownership and Right of First Refusal Designation.

At the end of the 15-year Tax Credit compliance period, the General Partner, DPFC, or DPFC's designated affiliate shall have a right of first refusal to acquire the Project for a price equal to the outstanding indebtedness secured by the Project plus any exit taxes. In addition, the General Partner, or other DPFC affiliate shall have an option to acquire the Project at any time as necessary to obtain the required property tax exception on terms acceptable to the Equity and NRP.

N. NRP Expenses.

1. To the extent that NRP has advanced sums for the benefit of the Project which have not been reimbursed, DPFC may not take any action regarding the ownership, development, construction, management or finances of the Project (whether prior to or after Closing) without NRP's prior consent. NRP shall be entitled to priority reimbursement for all bona-fide reasonable out-of-pocket pre-development costs associated with the development of the Project (including any interest paid by NRP) upon the earlier of (i) Closing of the Construction Loan and Equity and (ii) the Project

receiving any pre-development loan or equity advance.

2. NRP shall have the right to identify Pre-Development Loan financing to the Partnership for reimbursement of Project expenses incurred by NRP, to be guaranteed by NRP subject to DPFC's review and approval. If NRP identifies and DPFC approves such a Pre-Development Loan, NRP shall execute loan documents evidencing the Pre-Development Loan on behalf of the Partnership without creating any liability to DPFC or its affiliates. The fees and interest of such Pre-Development Loan shall be expenses of the Partnership.

O. DPFC Expenses.

NRP acknowledges that it is the parties' intent that DPFC bear no out of pocket expenses in connection with the Project, provided that such reasonable expenses shall be considered Project expenses and shall be shown in the Development Budget. DPFC shall provide the amount of the fee for the Consultant to NRP for inclusion in the Proforma Development Budget. DPFC shall have reasonable access to records and financial reports for inspection and review.

P. Miscellaneous.

- 1. This MOU reflects the entire understanding between the parties and may only be amended by DPFC or NRP in writing, signed by both parties. This MOU is not merely an "agreement to agree".
- 2. Each party hereto is prohibited from assigning any of its interests, benefits or responsibilities hereunder to any third party or related third party, without the prior written consent of the other party, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, conditioned or delayed.
- 3. The parties agree to execute such documents and do such things as may be necessary or appropriate to facilitate the development of the Project and the consummation of their agreement herein.
- 4. This MOU may be executed in several counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original copy and all of which together shall constitute one agreement binding on all parties hereto, notwithstanding that all the parties shall not have signed the same counterpart.
- 5. THIS MOU SHALL BE GOVERNED AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE INTERNAL LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS, EXCLUSIVE OF CONFLICT OF LAWS PRINCIPLES.
- 6. In case any one or more of the provisions contained in this MOU for any reason are held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability will not affect any other provision hereof, and this MOU

will be construed as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision had never been contained herein.

- 7. The parties hereto submit exclusively to the jurisdiction of the state and federal courts of Denton County, Texas, and venue for any cause of action arising hereunder shall lie exclusively in the state and federal courts of Denton County, Texas.
- 8. Should any party employ an attorney or attorneys to enforce any of the provisions hereof, to protect its interest in any manner arising under this MOU, or to recover damages for the breach of this MOU, the non-prevailing party in any action pursued in courts of competent jurisdiction (the finality of which is not legally contested) agrees to pay to the prevailing party all reasonable costs, damages and expenses, including specifically, but without implied limitation, attorneys' fees, expended or incurred by the prevailing party in connection therewith.
- 9. The subject headings contained in this MOU are for reference purposes only and do not affect in any way the meaning or interpretation hereof.
- 10. This MOU shall continue until terminated upon the occurrence of one of the following conditions:
 - (i) DPFC and NRP sign a mutual consent to terminate this Agreement;
- (ii) The transactions contemplated hereby are not closed by July 31, 2016;
- (iii) The terms of the Loan and Equity financing for the Project are unacceptable to DPFC, in its sole discretion, and DPFC provides Developer notice of such fact and a 30-day opportunity to provide financing terms that are acceptable to DPFC and Developer, but Developer does not do so;
 - (iv) DPFC's Board of Directors does not approve the Project;
 - (v) Developer fails to deliver Checklist items as required herein;
- (vi) Either party breaches its obligations under this MOU, the nonbinding party provides the breaching party notice of such fact and a 15-day opportunity to cure, and the breaching party fails to do so; or
- (vii) Either party files for bankruptcy protection, makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors, has a receiver appointed as to its assets or generally becomes insolvent.

Upon termination of this MOU for DPFC's breach hereof, or DPFC's violation of item (vii) above, DPFC shall reimburse NRP for all of its bonafide reasonable out of pocket pre development costs associated with development of the Project, with interest as indicated above. Upon termination of this MOU for any other reason, neither party shall have any ongoing obligation to the other with respect to this MOU and the Project.

13. In addition, the provisions of this MOU with respect to the Project, other than those provisions which expressly survive the termination hereof, will be terminated and suspended when the General Partner is admitted to the Partnership Agreement and DPFC and NRP and their affiliates, as applicable, enter into definitive agreements with respect to the governance of the Partnership and the development, construction, financing, and operation of the Project as contemplated herein.

If this MOU is terminated for any reason and neither DPFC nor any of its affiliates (i) acts as General Partner in regard to the Project or (ii) acquires any ownership interest in the Project, NRP shall retain all rights to control the Project, including the right to identify any alternate general partners, guarantors, and developers and to re-apply for an allocation of tax credits for the Project. DPFC agrees, upon termination of this MOU, to execute any document reasonably requested by NRP to give effect to the provisions of this paragraph. The provisions of this paragraph shall survive termination of this MOU.

14. The parties acknowledge that, the General Partner, DPFC and its affiliates will be represented in this transaction by Coats Rose Yale Ryman & Lee, PC ("General Partner Counsel"). All costs of General Partner Counsel and Consultant will be considered Costs hereunder and paid as provided herein. The Partnership, Developer, the Special LP, and their affiliates will be represented by separate counsel whose fees will also be an expense of the Partnership reflected in the Proforma Development Budget and will not be entitled to rely on General Partner Counsel for representation in this matter.

[REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY BLANK]

EXECUTED to be effective as of the date above shown.

DENTON PUBLIC FACILITY

CORPORATION

Name: Salta Rishel

Title: President

NRP HOLDINGS LLC

By:

Name: Daniel B. Markson

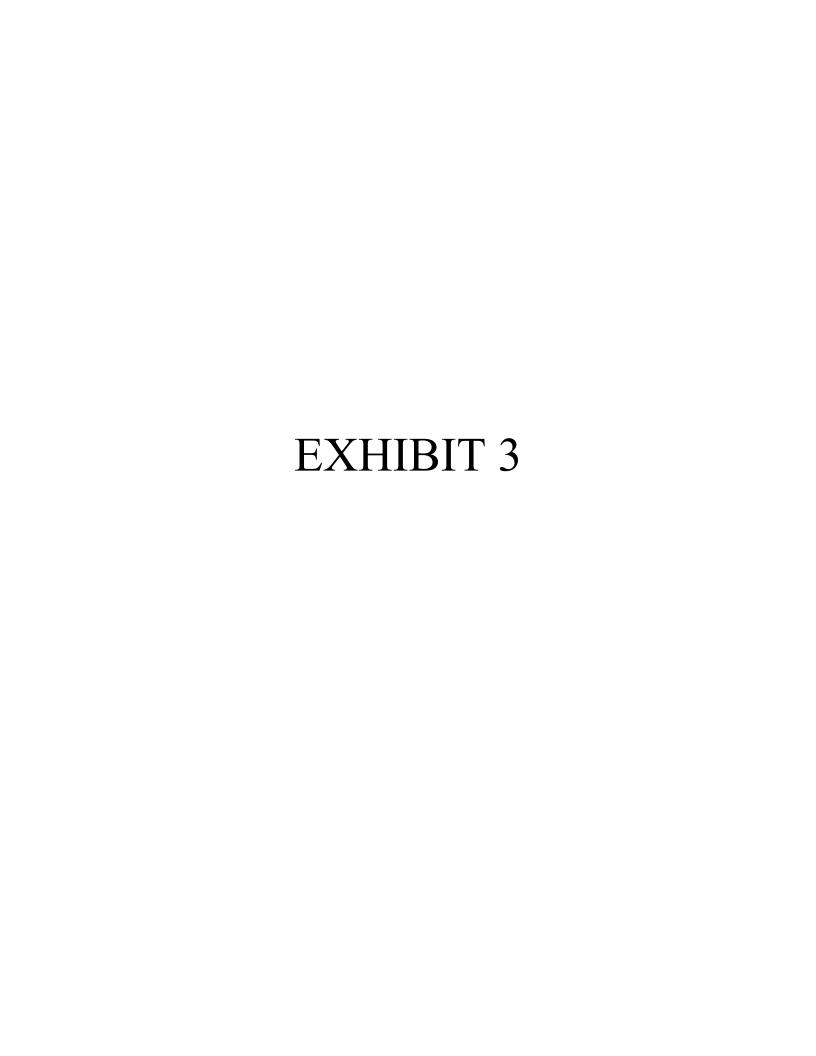
Title: Authorized Representative

EXHIBIT "A" FORM OF MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT (TO BE ATTACHED)

EXHIBIT "B" PROFORMA DEVELOPMENT BUDGET (TO BE ATTACHED)

EXHIBIT "C" FORM OF MASTER AGREEMENT (TO BE ATTACHED)

EXHIBIT "D" PARTNERSHIP STANDARD AIA FORM STIPULATED SUBCONTRACT AND MASTER SUBCONTRACT (TO BE ATTACHED)



THE NRP GROUP LLC					Project Statistics:	
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX					Units	322
Scenario: 4% LIHTC		Final Clos	ing	Model	5th Year Cash-Flow	\$ 338,914
					Construction Cost/Unit	\$ 83,844
					GC/Unit	\$ 87,521
Sources & Uses					Source Paid Dev Fees	2,473,409
	C	onstruction		Permanent	Market Rate	0%
Sources of Funds						
Construction: 6.00% interest only	\$	27,000,000			63.34% depreciable basis plus land	
Permanent: 4.30% for 35 Years			\$	27,000,000	·	
Loan #2: BofA Bridge Loan 4.00% for 30 Years		13,500,000		-		
Loan #3: 0.00% for 30 Years		4		-		
Tax Credit Equity - Federal		2,553,584		17,807,419		
Tax Credit Equity - State		*		-		
Income during Construction Period		(4)				
Soft Loan #1: Local Funds 1.00% for 30 years				-		
Soft Loan #2: Source 1.00% for 30 years		+		-		
Soft Loan #3: Source 0.00% for 30 years						

43,053,584

92,860

6,795,396

2,760,591

47,568,010

118,620

6,795,396

2,760,591

6,633,404

52.7%

Uses of Funds		
Acquisition Costs	2,500,000	2,500,000
Construction Costs	28,181,918	28,181,918
Architect/Engineering	1,282,500	1,282,500
Permits & Fees	1,755,000	1,755,000
Title & Survey	315,000	315,000
Construction Period Expenses	545,000	545,000
Financing Costs	5,237,650	5,247,650
Professional Services	461,500	516,500

Development Fee 350,000 5,234,000 15.0% of Eligible Basis Reserves & Other 913,000 1,871,822 41,634,428 47,568,010 Surplus (Deficit) Cash 1.419.156 \$ Source Paid Developer Fees 350,000 \$ 2,473,409 47.3%

Prevailing Wage Required:	No
Sales Tax Exemption:	Yes
Construction Start Date:	4/15/2016
Club House Delivery Date:	5/1/2017
Construction Completion Date:	3/1/2018
Stabilization/Perm Conversion:	11/1/2018

The analysis contained herein is preliminary and based on information gathered from sources that have not been independently verified. This analysis is not a commitment by The NRP Group, LLC to provide any specific financial results or specific financial results. This analysis is confidential and cannot be released to any other party without the written consent of The NRP Group, LLC. The assumptions used herein are subject to change without notice.

GIC Interest

Tax Credit Fees

Deferred Developer/GC Fee

15-Year Cash Flow after 1st Mortgage DS

15-Year Cash Flow available for Deferred Developer Fee

Deferred Development Fee

THE NRP GROUP LLC
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX
Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Development Costs		Total	Eligible Basis	asis Good Costs		Bad Costs	Deprecial	ole	Co	nstruction
Acquisition Costs										
Land	\$	2,500,000	\$	\$	2,500,000	\$	\$		\$	0.500.000
Building Acquisition	Φ	2,300,000	· 1	Ф	2,500,000	\$ ===	\$	5	\$	2,500,000
Offsite Construction		- 5			\$	127		9		3.0
Construction Costs		-			3	NT/		3		(#)
Contingency (5,00%)		1,184,114	1,174,183			1 104 11	4 1,174	402		4 404 444
Site Work		4.480.794	4,480,794		4,480,794	1,184,114	4,480			1,184,114 4.480.794
New Construction		19,002,875	19,002,875			E 622 CC				
Demolition		13,002,073	19,002,075		13,369,206	5,633,669	9 19,002	0/0		19,002,875
Offsite Construction		198,615			ē	198,615	5			109 615
Landscaping		100,010				130,010	,	8		198,615
Retail Space (Warm White Box)		2	12		-	61		ā		
General Requirements (6,00%)		1,420,937	1,409,020			1,420,937	7 1,409	020		1,420,937
Contractor Overhead (2.00%)		473,646	469,673			473,646		.673		473,646
Contractor Profit (6.00%)		1,420,937	1,409,020			1,420,937				1,420,937
Architect/Engineering		1,420,501	1,403,020		_	1,420,537	1,408	,020		1,420,937
Architect Fee - Design		800,000	800,000		800,000	140	800	.000		800,000
Architect Fee - Supervision		87,500	87,500		87,500			.500		87,500
Engineer		325,000	325,000		325,000			.000		325,000
Soils Testing		70,000	70,000		70,000	-		.000		70,000
Permits & Fees		10,000	70,000		70,000		70	,000		70,000
Water & Sewer Tap Fees		1,300,000	1,300,000		1,300,000		1,300	000		1,300,000
Permits		455,000	455,000		455,000	-		000		455,000
Park Dedication/Development Fee		-:	*		400,000		700	,000		455,000
Title & Survey								-		
Survey/Wetlands		100,000	100,000			100,000) 100	.000		100,000
Other		-	100,000		-	100,000	100	,000		100,000
Title/Recording/Closing		215,000	215,000		-	215,000	215	,000		215,000
Construction Period Expenses		210,000	210,000			210,000	210	,000		215,000
GC Oversight Fee - DPFC		270,000				270,000	2	_		270,000
Construction Insurance		250,000	250,000		250,000	210,000		.000		250,000
Property Taxes		25,000	25,000		=:	25,000		,000		25,000
Financing Costs		,	,					,		20,000
Bond Costs					-			-		-
FirstSouthwest Company		2	- 3		- 3	(4)		_		100
Texas Bond Review Board		21,250	-		2	21,250	0			21,250
Texas Department of Aging		27,000			-	27,000		2		27,000
Trustee		13,500	<u> </u>			13,500				13,500
Trustee Counsel		9,500	2		- 3	9,500				9,500
Bond Printing		20	2		2	121				
Issuer Fee		25			2	21		3		
Issuer Counsel		202,500			202,500	127				202,500
AG Fee		9,500	F4			9,500	0			9,500
Coats Rose - DHA Counsel		145,000	14		- ₹	145,000	0	0		145,000
Mortgage Costs										=
Construction Manager Fee		270,000	12		2	270,000	0	<u>_</u>		270,000
Construction Manager DD		10,000	52		-	10,000	D	©		10,000
Construction Manager Legal		55,000	54			55,000	0	2		55,000
Construction LC outside of Rate		-	14			543		2		-
Misc. Bond Costs		*:			#:	-		=		54.0
Other Financing Costs					€.	(a)/		-		198
Bridge Loan Origination		135,000	100,161		€.	135,000	0 100	,161		135,000
Bridge Loan Legal		25,000	18,548		€.	25,000		,548		25,000
Letter of Credit		18,900	94		€.	18,900		=		18,900
Other		-	*		· ·	540		-		96
Ramel Consulting		45,000				45,000	0			45,000

THE NRP GROUP LLC Denton Apartments, Denton, TX Scenario: 4% LIHTC

JLL - Good Faith Return	-	-		14		(2)
Capitalized interest	808,000	404,000	404,000	404,000	404,000	808,000
Bank Loan						190
JLL - Origination Fee	270,000	-	270,000	393	1.0	270,000
JLL - DD & Constrution Monitor	32,500	32,500	1	32,500	32,500	32,500
Freddie Mac - Application, Standby, Deposit	108,000	-	1.2	108,000	12	108,000
JLL - Legal	72,000	+	-	72,000	-	72,000
Construction Draw Review Fee	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	40,000	40,000
Capitalized interest	2,835,000	1,984,500	1,984,500	850,500	1,984,500	2,835,000
Other			12-	(4)	.,,	
Perm Loan - Conversion Fee	10,000			10,000		-
A&E Development		-	-	-	2	
NRP Line of Credit Reimubursement	45,000		-	45,000		45,000
P&P Bond	15,000	2.0		15,000		15,000
Set-up Fees	25,000	4		25,000		25,000
Professional Services				20,000		20,000
Property Appraisal	6,500	6,500	6,500	- 2	6,500	6,500
Market Study	35,000	35,000	35,000	2	35,000	35,000
Environmental Report / Soils	20,000	20,000	20,000	94	20,000	20,000
Accounting/Cost Certification	55,000	55,000		55,000	55,000	20,000
Legal	400,000	300,000		400,000	300,000	400,000
Tax Credit Fees	,	,		,	000,000	-
TC Monitoring Fee	25,760		-	25,760	-	_
TC Application & Reservation Fee	92,860		-	92,860	-	92,860
App Fees	+	0	3	-	-	-
Development Fee	5,234,000	5,234,000	-	5,234,000	5,234,000	350,000
Reserves & Other		.,=,		-,,	-1	-
Organizational (e.g., Partnership)	30,000		-	30,000	4	30,000
Rent-up Reserve	362,250	-		362,250		362,250
Operating Reserve	958,822		-	958,822	-	-
FFE	300,000	300,000	300,000		300,000	300,000
Soft Cost Contingency	100,000	25,000	100,000	-	25,000	100,000
Marketing Reserve	120,750	4		120,750		120,750
	\$ 47,568,010 \$	40,128,276	\$ 27,000,000 \$	20,568,010	\$ 40,128,276 \$	41,634,428
	\$ -					,,
Construction Cost Summary						
GC Contract Amount (not including contingency)	\$ 26,997,804					
GC Contract Amount per Unit	83,844					
Total Construction Cost per Sq Ft	81.82					
Total Cost per Unit	147,727					
Total Cost (total less land, demo & reserves) per Sq Ft	127.27					

THE NRP GROUP LLC
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX
Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Tax Credit Equity	Federal Calculated						
Projected Annual Credit		Installments:					
Eligible Development Costs: Percentage Affordable:	\$ 40,128,276 100,00%		Month	Completion	Federal Amount	%	Developer Fee
Qualified Basis:	40,128,276	Payment 1	Арг-16	0.00%	560,934	3.2%	350,000 6.7%
High Cost Area Adjustment(NA):	1.30	Payment 2	Oct-17	81.05%	1,992,650	11,2%	- 0.0%
Total Adjusted Qualified Basis:	52,166,758	Payment 3	Nov-18	100.00%	14,808,650	83.2%	1,678,224 32.1%
Applicable Federal Rate:	3.18%	Payment 4	Nov-18	100,00%	445,185	2.5%	445,185 8.5%
Projected Annual Construction Credit:	1,658,903	Payment 5	Nov-18	100,00%	4	0.0%	- 0.0%
Acquisition Basis	4	Payment 6	Nov-18	100.00%		0.0%	- 0.0%
Applicable Federal Rate:	3.18%	Payment 7	Nov-18	100.00%		0.0%	- 0.0%
Projected Annual Acquisition Credit:	1-0			-	17,807,419	100.0%	2,473,409 Paid
Max Credit Amount	1,649,000						2,760,591 Deferred
Investor Ownership	99.99%	Availability of					
Projected Annual Credit to ILP:	\$ 1,648,835	2016	0%				
Desired D. Freit		2017	16%	268,560			
Projected LP Equity		2018	88%	1,442,731			
Projected Annual Credit to ILP:	\$ 1,648,835	2019	100%	1,648,835			
# of years available: Total Credit to ILP:	10						
	16,488,351						
Anticipated price per credit \$1:	1.080						
Projected ILP Equity Contribution:	\$ 17,807,419						
Use	\$ 17,807,419						

Unit Summary

THE NRP GROUP LLC
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX
Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Unit Mix and Rent Schedule

						Sq. Ft. per	Extended Sq.	Developer	Utility	Developer N	et Max Net			
	Unit Type		Affordability	Description	Units	Unit	Ft.	Gross Rent	Allowance	Rent	LIHTC	Final Net Rent	Extended Rent	Rent Per Sq. Ft.
	Bedrooms	Baths											Extended Nem	resit i er oq. i t.
Unit 1	1	1	60%		35	712	24,920	\$ 753	\$ 91	\$ 66	2 \$ 701	\$ 662	\$ 23,170	0.93
Unit 2	2	2	60%		137	1,015	139,055	951	119				113,984	
Unit 3	2	2	60%		8	1,218	9,744	951	119				6,656	
Unit 4	3	2	60%		123	1,139	140,097	1,098	152				116,358	
Unit 5	4	2	60%		12	1,584	19,008	1,225	190				12,420	
Unit 6	1	1	50%		1	712	712	660	91	56		569	569	0.80
Unit 7	2	2	50%		1	1,015	1,015	792	119				673	0.66
Unit 8	3	2	50%		1	1,139	1,139	915	152				763	0.67
Unit 9	4	2	50%		1	1,580	1,580	1,021	190			831	831	0.53
Unit 10	4	2	60%		3	1,580	4,740	1,225	190				3,105	
					2	7-61	4	.,	-		- 1,000	1,000	5,105	0.00
						7-11	ie.		- 2		ù 1	2	- 1	-
					4		(4)	£.,	4			2	- 2	2
						4	-	1					- 33	2
					2	14			-			1	- 3	
					-	-	7-60	-	-					-
						16	14		1 2				1	
						16	-	1	- 2					
					-				10		2	S .		
							A		á.			2		
					322		342,010					\$ 865	\$ 278,529	Monthly GPR
							_ (=,010					003	\$ 3,342,348	Annual GPR

Summary Data

Studios				
1 BR	36	11.2%	25,632	7.5%
2 BR	146	45.3%	149,814	43.8%
3 BR	124	38.5%	141,236	41.3%
4 BR	16	5.0%	25,328	7.4%
	322	100.0%	342,010	100,0%
Affordable	322	100.0%	342,010	100.0%
Market			100	
	322	100.0%	342,010	100.0%
30% AMI	4			
35% AMI			44	
40% AMI			-	
45% AMI				
50% AMI	4	1.2%	4,446	1.3%
55% AMI	+		n¥	
60% AMI	318	98.8%	337,564	98.7%
Market				
	322	100.0%	342,010	100.0%

THE NRP GROUP LLC Denton Apartments, Denton, TX Scenario: 4% LIHTC

		Annual	%	P	er Unit
Inflation					
Revenue		1.00			
Expense		1.00			
Percent of Units Available during Year		100.0%			
Portion of Year Operating		100%			
Income Statement					
Revenue					
Gross Potential Rent	\$	3,342,348	100.0%	\$	10,380
Vacancy Loss		(253,574)	-7.6%		(787)
Delinguency Loss		-	0.0%		
Total Rental Income		3,088,774	92.4%		9,592
Other Income		38,640	1.2%		120
Total Revenue		3,127,414	93.6%		9,712
Operating Expenses					
Management Fees		148.552	4.75%	\$	461
Pavroll		402,500	12.9%	•	1.250
Administrative		128,800	4.1%		400
Marketing		32,200	1.0%		100
Cleaning & Decorating		16,100	0.5%		50
Utilities `		136,850	4.4%		425
Contract Services		48,300	1.5%		150
Repairs & Maintenance		193,200	6.2%		600
Supportive Services & Coordination		32,200	1.0%		100
Compliance Monitoring / Trustee Fee		17,380	0.6%		54
Insurance		88,550	2.8%		275
Real Estate Taxes / Franchise Tax		17,983	0.6%		56
Total Operating Expense	-	1,262,615	40.4%		3,921
Replacement Reserves		80,500	2.6%		250
Total Expenses and Reserves	1	1,343,115	42.9%	-	4,171
% of Revenue		42.9%	42.970		4,171
Net Operating Income	-	1,784,299	57.1%	_	5,541
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		.,,			
Debt Service		1,493,469	47.8%		4,638
Net Cash Flow	\$	290,830	9.3%	\$	903
		9.3%		-	
Statistics					
Debt Coverage Ratio		1.195			
4 Months Oper. Exp. And Debt Srvc.	\$	945,528			

 Detailed Sources and Uses
 4/18/2016 1:50 PM

THE NRP GROUP LLC
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX
Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Scenario: 4% LIHTC																							
			or-16	М	ay-16	Ju	ın-16	Jul-16	Aug-16	Sep-16	i (Oct-16	Nov-16	Dec-16	Jan-17	Feb-17	Mar-17	Apr-17	7	May-17	Jun-17	Jul-17	Aug-17
			.0%	3	.2%	10	0 3%	17.4%	24.5%	31.6%	;	35 6%	39.4%	43.1%	46.9%	50,7%	54.5%	58 3%		62.1%	65,9%	69.7%	73.5%
		Ck	sing	Mo	nth 1	Мо	onth 2	Month 3	Month 4	Month .	5 M	onth 6	Month 7	Month 8	Month 9	Month 10	Month 11	Month 1	12	Month 13	Month 14	Month 15	Month 16
			-		1		2	;	3	ė.	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		12	13	14	15	16
Detailed Sources and Uses																							
Uses Summary																							
Good Costs																							
Land			492,337	e	7,663		_	s -										_					
		3 2,	452,331						\$ -		- \$			\$ -	s -	\$ -	\$ -	-	- \$				\$ -
New Construction			-		896,159	1,	503,850	1,503,850				607,691	607,691	607,691	607,691	607,691		607,6		607,691	607,691	607,691	607,691
Interest			360,000		17,130		17,130	17,130				17,130	17,130	17,130	17,130	17,130	70,005	70,0	005	70,005	70,005	70,005	70,005
Other			947,587		913,949		5,521	5,52			521	283,926	5,521	5,521	5,521	5,521	5,521	5,5	521	5,521	5,521	5,521	5,521
			800,024	1	834,901		526,501	1,526,50				908,747	630,342	630,342	630,342	630,342		683,2	217	683,217	683,217	683,217	683,217
Bad Costs			228,058	5 2	169,517		517,893	\$ 2.045.58				519,083	479,350 \$ 1109,703	479,360 \$ 1,109,703	479,360 \$ 1,109,703	479,360 \$ 1109,703	550,235 \$ 1,233,453	\$ 1,233,4		585,235 1.368,453	598,535 \$ 1,281,763	598,535	598,515 \$ 1,281,753
T													12,000,000	4 111001140	4. 1,132,144	4 1,100,100	3 1,200,400	9 /12/09/	199 4	1,000,700	4 1,201,100	0 1,201,700	4 1,201,103
Tax-Exempt Bonds																							
Beginning Balance		\$	-	\$ 20	199,976	\$ 18,	365,075	\$ 16,838,574	4 \$ 15,312,07	2 \$ 13,785,	571 \$ 12	2,259,070	\$ 11,350,322	\$ 10,719,980	\$ 10,089,637	\$ 9,459,295	\$ 8,828,952	\$ 8,145,	735 \$	7,462,517	\$ 6,779,300	\$ 6,096,082	\$ 5,412,865
Additions			000,000		-		-	-			•		-	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	
Subtotal			000,000		199,976		365,075	16,838,57	4 15,312,07	2 13,785,	571 12	2,259,070	11,350,322	10,719,980	10,089,637	9,459,295	8,828,952	8,145,	735	7,462,517	6,779,300	6,096,082	5,412,865
Uses			800,024		834,901	1,	526,501	1,526,50	1 1,526,50	1 1,526,	501	908,747	630,342	630,342	630,342	630,342	683,217	683.2	217	683,217	683,217	683,217	683,217
Ending Balance		\$ 20,	199,976	\$ 18	365,075	\$ 16,	838,574	\$ 15,312,072	2 \$ 13,785,57	1 \$ 12,259,	070 \$ 11	.350,322	\$ 10,719,980	\$ 10,089,637	\$ 9,459,295	\$ 8,828,952	\$ 8,145,735	\$ 7,462,5	517 S		\$ 6,096,082		\$ 4,729,647
	Interest Estimale		135,000		35 000 00	1	135 000 00	135,000 0	0 135 000.0			135 000 00	135,000,00	135 000 00	135 000 00	135,000,00				135 000.00	135 000 00	135 000 00	135 000 00
GIC Income													,,		100 000 00	100 000 00	100 000 00	100 00	00 00	100 000.00	155 000 00	133 000 00	133 000 00
Beginning Balance		s		S		\$		5	5 -	\$			5 -	2	\$ -		5 -		- 18	9.1	\$ -	5 -	5
Additions		•	-	*	2.0	-	2.1						7 0	*	4								
Subtotal		_	-		-						-	-	_						-		_		-
Uses					- 6		-8					7	-	-			-						
Ending Balance		\$	-	\$	-	5		\$.	\$.	5	. \$	90.4	\$ -	5	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 5		\$ -	5 -	5
Equity Proceeds			3%		0%		0%	04	% n	%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6 0%		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Beginning Balance		S	12	s	4	3		5 4	\$.		. 5			s -	5 -		5 -		- 5			\$ -	\$ -
Additions			560,934			7			*	*			*	*	*	4	3 0		- 2			3	
Subtotal			560,934	_	- M		_				_					-			-		-	-	
Uses			560 934				~				-								*		*	- 5	
Ending Balance		-	900,394	-	U			-		-		-					-		-			-	
Liding Balance						*	7		*	\$			\$ =	\$ -	5 -	9 -	5 -	. 5	- 3		5	\$ -	> .
Hard Subordinate Debt																							
Beginning Balance		\$	-	5 1	667,124	5 1,	836,641	\$ 2,354,534	4 5 2,873,61	7 \$ 3,417,	701 \$ 3	3,936,784	5 4,455,868	5 4,935,228	5 5,414,588	5 5,893,949	\$ 6,373,309	\$ 6,923.5	544 \$	7.473.780	\$ 8,159,015	\$ 8.757.550	\$ 9,356,086
Additions		- 1	667,124				-							-	-						20	,,-,,	- 0,000,000
Subtotal			667,124	- 1	657,124	1.	836,641	2,354,534	4 2.873.61	7 3,417	701 3	5.936.784	4,455,868	4,935,228	5,414,588	5,893,949	6,373,309	6,923.5	544	7,473,780	8,159,015	8,757,550	9,356,086
Uses			667,124		169,517		517,893	519.083				519,083	479,360	479,360	479.360	479.360	550,235	550.2		685,235	598,535	598.535	598,535
Ending Balance			667,124	\$ 1										\$ 5,414,588	\$ 5.893.949								\$ 9,954,621
		5	5,557		6,122		7.848	\$ 9,57			,123 \$	14 853	\$ 16,451	\$ 18,049	\$ 19,646				1,913 \$	27 197	\$ 6,757,550	\$ 3,330,080	
Soft Subordinate Debt		*	5,551		0,122	•	1 040	4 3,51	3 3 113	9Z \$ 13	,123 \$	14 033	→ 10,451	3 18,049	\$ 19,040	\$ 21,244	23,078	3 24	1,913 \$	27 197	3 29 192	\$ 31.187	\$ 33 182
Beginning Balance		s	-	S		3			s .										1.4			6	
Additions		4		÷.	-					\$		100	5	5	5	\$	\$ -	3	- 5		* 3	5 -	5 -
		_	-			_		-				-				-	*		4	×	×	~	_ ^
Subtotal								-	-		-	-	-		-				-	-	6	×	~
Uses Ending Balance		S	~	S	-3	5	-	\$.	\$:	\$. 5	-	\$.	\$ -	5	5	3	4	- 5	-		t :	
Cash during Construction Period				6				la la	8	130	130		67			-	120	Sec.	-				
Beginning Balance		\$	-	2	-	5	-	-	\$.	\$	- \$	140	\$	5	\$ 3	\$ -	\$ -	5	- 5		2 -	5 -	5 -
Additions		_	- 4		-		-	-	-			-	*	-	-		- 2	-	4		0		-
Subtotal			A.		100			-			-		*	-		-			8.			. * .	-74.5
Uses			_		-				- :		-	- 3											
Ending Balance		5		3		\$				\$. 3			3			\$ -	•	- \$	-	a -	3 -	3 -
Grand Total		5	10	¢ 24	867 100	e 20	.032.199	\$ 19 E05 CO	8 \$ 16.979.19	C & 15 450	EDE @ 4-	026 104	\$ 12 017 446	\$ 13 207 104	\$ 11 750 704	£ 11 126 440	\$ 10,496,076	e 0.040	950 A	0.120.641	6 0 446 404	¢ 7.762.000	6 7 070 000
			228 255	9 21																		\$ 7,763,206	
Beginning Balance			228,058		169,517		517,891	519,083				519,083	479,360	479,360	479,360	479,360		550		685.235	598,535	598,535	598,535
Additions										0 15,971	118 16	4.445:277	13,496,807	12,856,464	12,236,122	11,605,779	11,046,312	10,363,0	094	9:814.877	9,044,959	3,361,742	7.678.524
Additions Subtotal			228,058		036,517		550,092	19,024,78															
Additions Subtotal Uses		9	028,082	2	004,418	2.	044,394	2,045,58	5 2,070,58	5 2,045	585	.427.831	1,109,703	1,109,703	1.109,703	1,109,703	1,233,453	1,233,	453	1,368,453	1,281,753	1,281,753	1,281,763
Additions Subtotal		9	028,082	2	004,418	2.		2,045,58		5 2,045	585	.427.831	1,109,703	1,109,703	1.109,703	1,109,703		1,233,	453	1,368,453	1,281,753	1,281,753	1,281,763

Denton Apartments 4%.Current 7

THE NRP GROUP LLC Denton Apartments, Denton, TX Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Scenario: 4% LIHTC																												
		7	Sep-17 77 3% onth 17	A	Oct-17 81,1% Month 18		Nov-17 84.8% Month 19	8	Dec-17 88.6% onth 20	A	Jan-18 92 4% <i>fonth 21</i>	9	eb-18 6.2% onth 22		Mar-18 100 0% fonth 23	1	Apr-18 100.0% Ionth 24	May-1 100.0 Month	6	Jun-18 100.0% Month 26		Jul-18 100.0% Month 27	1	Aug-18 100,0% onth 28	1	Sep-18 100.0% fonth 29		Oct-18 100 0% Month 30
Detailed Sources and Uses			17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24		25	26		27		28		29		n011111 30
Detailed Sources allu Uses																												
Jses Summary Good Costs																												
Land		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4	\$	€ 1 e	5 +	5	1 2 1	5	-	\$	2.0		
New Construction			607,691		607,691		607,691		607,691		607,691		607,691		607,691		3		4	2.		2		-		-		
Interest			70,005		70,005		70,005		70,005		70,005		70,005		17,130		-		-	-		-				-		-
Other		_	5,521	_	5,521		5,521		5,521	_	5,521		5,521		5,521				-			9		- 1		- 4		- 4
Bad Costs			683,217 598,535		683,217 598,535		683,217 598,535		683,217		683,217		683,217		630,342		-	Gla	5	*				7		-		
Day Costs	2	5 1		\$		3	1,281,753	5 1	598,535	\$	598,535 1,281,753	\$ 1	598,535 ,281,753	\$	527,660 1,158,003	5			000	5	5	4	5	- 4	5	- SAC 1	\$	- :
ax-Exempt Bonds																												
Beginning Balance		\$ 4	4,729,647	\$	4,046,430	\$	3,363,212	\$ 2	2,679,995	\$	1,996,777	\$ 1	.313,560	\$	630,342	S	5.1	5		5 -	5	31	5	4.1	5	2.0	5	
Additions			-				-				- 9		-				-				-	-	-	-			4.	-
Subtotal		4	4,729,647		4,046,430		3,363,212		2,679,995		1,996,777	1	,313,560		630,342		9		-	-		-				-		-
Uses		_	683,217	-	563,217	_	653,217		683.217		683,217		583,217		630,342		-	_	-	-				9-		. 7		
Ending Balance		5 4	4.046,430	5	3,363,212		2,679,995			5		5	630,342	\$		5		\$		5 -	\$	- 1	\$		\$	-	\$	
C Income	Interest Estimate	Φ.	135 000 00		135 000,00		135 000 00		135,000,00		135,000,00		135 000,00		135 000,00		135,000.00	135,0	00 00	135,000 00		135 000 00		135 000 00		135,000_00		135 000.0
Beginning Balance		5	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	(=	\$		\$	-	5.	- P	S	-	5	-	5 =	5	(8.7	5	-	\$	-	\$	-
Additions Subtotal		_		_	-			_			-				+				-	-		-		7_		-		- 0
Uses							-		-		-				-		7		-	-		~		-		-		3
Ending Balance		\$	100	5	-	\$	-	\$		\$	- 4	\$	-	\$		5		5	-	-	\$	- 3	5	-3-	\$	14	\$	
uity Proceeds			0%		11%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%	0%		0%		0%		0%		0
Beginning Balance		\$	-	\$		\$	1,394,115	\$	795,579	\$	197,044	\$	-	\$		5	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Additions	- 5	_			1,992,650				-				-						-							~		
Subtotal Uses			-		1,992,650		1,394,115		795,579		197,044		-		-				Ψ.	-		-		-		-		-
Ending Balance	1	\$		\$	598,535 1,394,115	\$	598,535 795,579	5	595,535 197,044	5	197.044	5	-	5		5		\$			5	-	5	-	\$	-	5	-
ard Subordinate Debt Beginning Balance Additions		\$ 9	9,954,621	\$ 1	10,553,157	\$	10,553,157	\$ 10	0,553,157	\$ 1	10,553,157	\$ 10	,954,648	\$ 1	1,553,183	\$ 1:	2,080,844	\$ 12,080	844	\$ 12,135,844	\$	12,135,844	\$ 12	2,135,844	\$ 1	2,135,844	\$ 1	12,135,84
Subtotal	-	-	9.954.621	-	10,553,157	-	10.553.157	- 10	2,553,157	_	10,553,157	40	,954,648	_	1,553,183	- 4	2.080,844	40.000		TAR THE PAR	_	******		1		-		-
Uses	- 4		598,535		The State of the		2 Supervisor 1		-		401,491		598,535		527,660		-		000	12,135,544		12.135,844		2,135,844		2,135,844		12,135,84
Ending Balance		\$ 10			10,553,157 35,177		10,553,157 35,177		35,177			\$ 11		\$ 1		\$ 13			844 0,453	\$ 12,135,844 40,453	\$		\$ 12 \$				\$ 1 \$	12,135,84 40,49
ft Subordinate Debt																•	10,200		,	10,100	•	10,100	*	40,400	4	40,400	*	40,40
Beginning Balance		\$	-	\$	-	\$	~	\$	-	\$	-	\$	~	3	-	\$	E	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4
Additions		_	-				-		- 4		- 5		-						•	- 9		- 2		-		191		
Subtotal			-																					-		-		
Uses Ending Balance		\$	-	\$	-	\$		5		5	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	-	5	-	-	5	-	5	-	5	-	5	- 8
sh during Construction Period																												
		\$	4	\$	4	5	-	\$		\$		\$	-	5	- 3	\$		\$		\$ -	5	31	5	-	\$	2	5	1
Beginning Balance					-		+				-		-		2				-					-		-		
Additions		_					- 6		- 5		ĕ		-		-				-	40		- 1				+		-
Additions Subtotal	-		-						-		2		-	5		\$	-	\$	4	\$ 4	5	- 5	\$		5	-	\$	- 3
Additions		\$	-	\$	-	5	-	\$	-	\$	8	\$	-										3		-	-		
Additions Subtotal Uses Ending Balance		\$	-	\$	-	5	÷	\$		\$	×	\$		-									3			•	*	
Additions Subtotal Uses Ending Balance			6,396,771	7	5,713,554		6,424,451	Ť		Ť	3,860,945		980,684		2,297,467	\$	1,667,124	\$ 1,667	124	\$ 1,667,124	\$	1,667,124					•	1.667,12
Additions Subtotal Uses Ending Balance		\$ 6	598,535	7	5,713,554 1,992,650		6,424,451	Ť		Ť	3,860,945 401,491	\$ 2	.980,684 598,535		2,297,467 527,660	\$	1,667,124		124	\$ 1,667,124 -	\$	1,667,124					•	1,667,12
Additions Subtotal Uses Ending Balance rand Total Beginning Balance Additions Subtotal		\$ 6	598,535 5,995,307	7	1,992,650 7,706,204		6,424,451	\$ 5	5,142,698 - 142,698	\$	4.262.437	\$ 2	598,535 ,579,219	\$	527,680 2,825,127		1,667,124	1.722	124	\$ 1,667,124 1,667,124	\$	1,667,124	\$ 1		\$		•	
Additions Subtotal Uses Ending Balance rand Total Beginning Balance Additions		\$ 6	598,535 5,995,307 1,281,753	\$	1,992,650 7,706,204 1,281,753	\$	6,424,451	\$ 5	5,142,698 5,142,698 5,142,698 1,281,753	\$	401,491 4,262,437 1,281,753	\$ 2	598,535 ,579,219 ,281,753	\$	527,680 2,825,127 1,158,003		1,667,124	1.722 55	124 000		Ī	1,867,124	\$ 1	1,667,124	\$	1,667,124	\$	1,667,124

THE NRP GROUP LLC
Denton Apartments, Denton, TX
Scenario: 4% LIHTC

Construction Completion & Leasing Schedule

	Construction Percentage of		Lease-up		Affordable		Month of	Units in Full	Units Earning	Percent	Credits
Month	Completion	Lease-up Units	Percent	Month	Lease-up	Full Buildings	Year	Buildings	Credits	Delivered	Delivered
Closing				Apr-16							
1	3.2%		0.0%	May-16		12	5	*1	*	0.0%	
2	10.3%	-	0.0%	Jun-16			6	73	- 5	0.0%	
3	17.4%		0.0%	Jul-16		-	7	29	~	0.0%	
4	24.5%	*	0.0%	Aug-16		-	8	20	\$	0.0%	
5	31,6%	**	0.0%	Sep-16		5.0	9	•	*	0.0%	
6	35.6%	7	0.0%	Oct-16	(**)	27	10	- -	*	0.0%	
7	39.3%	•	0.0%	Nov-16	() <u>*</u>	2.5	11	70		0.0%	
8	43.1%	-	0.0%	Dec-16		-	12		5.	0.0%	
9	46.9%	¥	0.0%	Jan-17	-		13	20	2	0.0%	
10	50.7%	*	0.0%	Feb-17		< <u>-</u>	14	20	=	0.0%	
11	54.5%	-	0.0%	Mar-17		± +	15		€.	0.0%	
12	58.3%	2	0.0%	Apr-17	5.5	99	16	*1		0.0%	
13	62.1%	-	0.0%	May-17	-	12	17	50	-	0.0%	\$
14	65.9%	23	7.1%	Jun-17	23		18		23	0.0%	
15	69.7%	46	14.3%	Jul-17	46	1.00	19		46	0.0%	
16	73.5%	69	21.4%	Aug-17	69	2.00	20	59	69	0.0%	
17	77,3%	92	28.6%	Sep-17	92	3.00	21	88	92	0.0%	\$
18	81.0%	115	35.7%	Oct-17	115	3.00	22	88	115	0.0%	\$
19	84.8%	138	42.9%	Nov-17	138	4.00	23	117	138	0.0%	\$
20	88.6%	161	50,0%	Dec-17	161	5.00	24	146	146	16.3%	\$ 268,560
21	92.4%	184	57.1%	Jan-18	184	6.00	25	176	184	0.0%	\$
22	96.2%	207	64.3%	Feb-18	207	7.00	26	205	207	0.0%	\$
23	100.0%	230	71.4%	Mar-18	230	7.00	27	205	230	0.0%	\$ -
24	100.0%	253	78.6%	Apr-18	253	8.00	28	234	253	0.0%	\$
25	100.0%	276	85.7%	May-18	276	9.00	29	263	276	0.0%	\$ -
26	100.0%	299	92.9%	Jun-18	299	10.00	30	293	299	0.0%	\$ -
27	100.0%	322	100.0%	Jul-18	322	11.00	31	322	322	0.0%	
28	100.0%	322	100,0%	Aug-18	322	11.00	32	322	322	0.0%	\$ -
29	100.0%	322	100.0%	Sep-18	322	11,00	33	322	322	0.0%	\$
30	100.0%	322	100.0%	Oct-18	322	11.00	34	322	322	0.0%	\$
31	100,0%	322	100.0%	Nov-18	322	11,00	35	322	322	0.0%	\$
32	100.0%	322	100.0%	Dec-18	322	11.00	36	322	322	87.5%	\$ 1,442,731
33	100.0%	322	100.0%	Jan-19	322	11.00	37	322	322	0.0%	\$
34	100,0%	322	100,0%	Feb-19	322	11.00	38	322	322	0.0%	\$ -:
35	100.0%	322	100.0%	Mar-19	322	11.00	39	322	322	0.0%	\$
36	100.0%	322	100.0%	Арг-19	322	11.00	40	322	322	0.0%	

322	Units
11	Buildings
29.27	Units/Building

THE NRP GROUP LLC Denton Apertments, Denton, TX Scenario: 4% LIHTC

afron	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10	Year 11	Year 12	Year 13	Year 14	Year 15	Year 16	Year 17
Revenue	1.00	1.02	1.04	1.06	1.08	1.10	1.13			1.20	1.22						
Experise	1.00	1.03	1.06	1.09	1,13	1.16	1.19			1.30	1,22	1,24	1.27	1.29	1,32	1.35	1,37
RR Expense	1.00	1,00	1.06	1.09	1 13	1 16		1.23	1.27	1.30	1.34	1.38	1.43	1.47	1,51	1.56	1,60
ent of Units Available during Year	0.0%	39,3%	98.2%	100 0%	100,0%	100,0%	100.0%	100.0%	1.05,0%	100,0%	100.0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%	100,0%
n of Year Operating	-8%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
me Slatement																	
enue Gross Polential Rent \$	- 5	1 313.065 \$	3.348.316 %	3 477 378 \$	3 546 026 5	3 617 966 \$	3 600 222 6	2.764.006 6	3 930 307 €	3.040.000 #	200445						
Vacancy Loss		(98 480)	(251 124)	(260 803)	(266 019)	(271 340)	(276 767)	(282,302)	(287 948)	(293 707)	3,994 415 \$ (299,581)	4,074 303 \$ (305 573)	4 155,789 \$ (311 684)	4 238 905 \$ (317,918)	4,323,683 \$ (324,276)	4 410,157 \$ (330 762)	4 498 3
Delinquency Loss Total Rental Income	4	1.214.585	3.097.162	27111	2.200.000							-					
Other Incame Total Revenue		15,180	39,483	41.005	41.825	42.662	43,515	44,385	45.273	3,022,386 48,178	7.694,834 47.102	3,758,730 48,044	3,844,105 49,005	3,920,987 45,985	3.999 407 50.985	4,079,395 52,004	4,160.98 53,04
ating Expenses				- 100		0,269,167	3.450,970	3.526,109	3,500.032	0,660,564	3,741,936	3,815,774	3,893,110	3,970,972	4.050 392	4.131.399	4,21A.02
fanagement Fees ayroll	(33.542)	70 840 414 575	148 992			160,986	164 206	167,490	170,840	174,257	177,742	181,297	184,923	188,621	192,394	196 241	200,16
dministrative	(10 733)	132 664	136 644							525 171	540 926	557,154	573 869	591 085	608,818	627 083	645 B
farketing	(2 683)	33,166	34 161							168,054 42,014	173 096 43,274	178,289 44 572	183,638	189 147	194,821	200,666	206 5
leaning & Decorating	-	6 325	16,287	17 081	17.593	18,121	18 665			20 396	21 008	21.638	45,909 22,287	47,286 22,956	48 705 23 645	50 166 24.354	51 67 25 08
tilities	(11,404)	140,956	145,185	149,541	154,027	158,648	163,407	168,309	173,358	178,559	183,916	189,433	195,116	200,969	206.998	213,208	219.60
contract Services tepairs & Maintenance	(4,025)	49,749 75,900						59,402	61,184	63,020	64,911	66,858	68,864	70,930	73,058	75.250	77,50
Supportive Services & Coordination	(2.683)	75,900 33 166	195 443 34 161							244 739	252 081	259,643	267 432	275 455	283,719	292 231	300 99
ompliance Monitoring / Trustee Fee	(1,448)	17 901	18,438		36,242 19.561	20 148				42,014 22,676	43,274 23,356	44 572 24,057	45 909 24 779	47 286 25 522	48 705 26 288	50 166	51 67
ISURE ICO	-	34 788	89,578	93,943	96,761	99,664	102,654	105 734	108,906	112 173	115 538	119.004	122.574	25 522 126 251	26,288 130,039	27,077 133,940	27 88 137 95
Real Estate Taxes / Franchise Tax		7,665	18:191	19.077	19.643	20,238	20,645	21,470	22,114	22,771	23,460	24.164	24,885	25.638	25,405	27 197	26.01
Total Operating Expense	(56.519)	1,017,094	1,315,333	1,382,040	1,401,363	1.441.826	1,453,450	1.526,330	1 570,445	1,615,850	1,662.582	1,710,651	1.760,189	1,811,144	1.863,695	1,917,579	1,973,14
Not Operating Income	56,519	212,071	1,821,342	1,895,531	1,921,269	1.947,362	1,973,501	1.999,779	2,025,167	2.052.714	2,079,364	2.105.053	2132921	2 159 858	2.580.797	2.213,620	2,240,88
eciation																	
ersonal Property ide Work	-	635,630	1,017,007					-	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	
uilding	- 6	319 010	606,120 75= 748							377 070	376 432	377,070	376 432	377 070	376 432	376 432	188 85
	-	1,718,888	2.387,375	1.919.960	1.521.647	1,972,519	1,344,796	1,140,680	1 140 650	764.248 1.141.310	1,140,680	764.246 1.141.318	1,140,680	1 141 315	764.148	1,140,680	764.248 953,106
st Expense										111136924	0.00,000.000	Collaboration	MICHARE	11/41/8/14	21 (.19.1919)	1.1146.090	200,101
and Debt Interest Experise	~	810 000	1 389 004	1,147,012	1 131 818	1 115 956	1.099,400	1 082 117	1,064 076	1,045,243	1,025,585	1 005 065	983 645	961,285	937 945	913 581	888 14
vestor AM Fee Interest Expense	3	-			100	-		8			-			=	-		-
eferred Property Management Fee Interest eferred Developer Fee Interest Expense	1.5	1.5	-		-	-	1.5			4				+		+	-
oft Debt 1 Interest Expense		-	- 5			-						-	~		-		
oft Debt 2 Interest Expense	-	-	-		-	-	2	-	-		2			-			1.3
oft Debt 3 Interest Expense	- 4	Track Control		4 1.06 1.08 1.08 1.10 1.13 1.15 1.17 1.20 1.27 1.28 1.19 1.17 1.16 1.19 1.22 1.27 1.28 1.19 1.17 1.16 1.19 1.22 1.27 1.27 1.28 1.19 1.17 1.16 1.19 1.22 1.27 1.27 1.28 1.19 1.17 1.16 1.19 1.22 1.27 1.27 1.28 1.19 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10 1.10						-							
		#10 000	1.389,004	1.147.012	1.121.515	1,115,956	September .	1 082 117	1,064,076	1.045.243	1,025,585	1,005,065	983.945	961,285	837.945	913,581	888,14
Net Income bel Syn Expenses	66 519	(2 316,217)	(1,955,036)	(1,171,442)	(632,096)	(741 114)	(470,694)	(223.018)	(178,569)	(133 847)	(86,911)	(40.290)	8,590	57,225	108,172	159 559	399 629
nership Expenses																	
nvestor Asset Management Fee Subordinated Property Management Fee			7 500	7,725	7 957	8 195	8,441	8 695	8 955	9,224	9,501	9 786	10 079	10,382	10 693	11 014	11 34
Partnership Management Fee			- 5		-	-			+	94,389	421 766	442 706	463 632		-		-
nvestor Cash	y							ŝ	3	10,488	46,863	49.190	51.515	484 532 53 837	505,390 56 154	526 192 56,466	546 926
				7,725	7,957	8 195	8,441	8,695	8 955	114 100	478,130	501,681	525, <u>22</u> 6	548 751	572,237	595 672	619 040
Net Income	66,519	(2,316,217)	(1,962,636)	(1,179,167)	(840,053)	(749,309)	(479,136)	(231,712)	(187,524)	(247,947)	(565,041)	(541,971)	(516,630)	(491,526)	(464,065)	(436,113)	(219,411
Back: Depreciation	~	1 718,888	2,387 375	1 919 960	1,621,647	1 572 519	1,344,796	1,140,680	1,140,680	1 141 318	1,140,680	1 141 318	1,140,680	1 141 318	1 140 680	1 140 680	953 106
sling Activities																	
Replacement Reserves	-	(32,574)	(83,877)	(85,394)	(88,986)	(91 656)	(94,406)	(97 238)	(100,155)	(103 160)	(106,255)	(109,443)	(112,726)	(116,108)	(119 591)	(123,179)	(126,874
cing Activities ash from/to Development Sources	(66 519)	629 902															
lard Debt Principle Reduction	(00 313)	029 902	(167 731)	(346.457)	(361 652)	(377 513)	(304.070)	(411.252)	(420.202)	(448 226)	(467,884)	(488 404)	(500 004)	(500 40 0	7	-	
hange in Accrued Assel Management Fee		-	(.0, ,51)	(010101)	(551 552)	(377 313)	(334 070)	(411,352)	(423,333)	(448 220)	(467,564)	(468 404)	(509 824)	(532 184)	(555 524)	(579 888)	(605 32
hange in Accrued Management Fee	-	9.0	(1 500)	(1 500)	(1.500)	(1.500)	(1 500)	(1.500)	(1 500)	(1.500)	(1.500)	(1.500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,500)	(1.500)	(1,50
hange in Developer Fee Liability	-		(234,996)	(306 442)	(329 457)	(352 541)	(375,685)	(398,877)	(422,107)	(340,485)	-			-	-	-	(-,00
hange in Soft Debt 1 Balance hange in Soft Debt 2 Balance	2	*		-		-		-	32.0			7	-		4		+
hange in Soft Debt 2 Balance		- 3	3		- 3	-		-0	- 1	17	-	100	-		-	7	-
Total Financing Activites	(66,519)	629 902	(404 227)	(654 399)	(692 608)	(731 554)	(771 254)	(811 730)	(853 001)	(790 211)	(469 384)	(489 904)	(511 324)	(533,684)	(557,024)	(581,388)	(606,821
			100														
Net Gash Flow 5	- 1	- 1	(63.765) \$	- 3	- 1	- 1	. \$	- 1	- 5	. 1	. 1	. \$	- 8	- 5	- 3	- 5	
stics Cash Available for Debt Service	66.519	100 000	1 727 400	1 900 407	4 899 555	4 055 700	1 870 005	4 000 0	4 000 ****	4.040:	4 0000 ***						
ash Available for Debt Service fiird Debt Service	00,519	180 098	1,737,465							1,949,554	1,973,099	1,996 650	2,020,195	2 043,720	2 067,206	2,090,641	2 114,00
		-								(1,493,469) 1.31	(1 493 469) 1.32	(1,493,469)	(1 493,469)	(1 493,469)	1.38	(1 493 469) 1.40	1 493,46 1.4
Debl Coverage Ratio Cash Flow After Hard Debt Service Operating Expense per Unit	-		243,996	315,667	338,914					456,085	479,630	503,181	526,726	550,251	573,737	597,172	620,54

10

THE NRP GROUP LLC Denton Apartments Scenario: 4% LIHTC

1	Project Total	S-1	
	Developer Fee (+ Interest)	Cash Available for Def. Fee	Cash Distribution (Partnership Mgmt Fee)
Closing	350,000		
Construction	92.	4	
Lease-up	2,123,409	_	_
Year 3	234,996	234,996	
Year 4	306,442	306,442	-
Year 5	329,457	329,457	- 4
Year 6	352,541	352,541	-
Үеаг 7	375,685	375,685	4
Year 8	398,877	398,877	10.2
Year 9	422,107	422,107	
Year 10	340,485	340,485	94,389
Year 11		-	421,766
Year 12	-		442,706
Year 13		T-E	463,632
Year 14	-	-	484,532
Year 15		-	505,390
Year 16	•		526,192
Year 17	4	-	546,926
	5,234,000	2,760,591	3,485,532

NRP Group			Denton Housing A	uthority	
Developer Fee	Distributed Cash Flow	Total	Developer Fee	Distributed Cash Flow	Total
65%	50%		35%	50%	
227,500	· ·	227,500	122,500	7-7	122,500
-	-	-	-	*	-
1,380,216	- 2	1,380,216	743,193	4	743,193
152,747		152,747	82,248	-	82,248
199,188	=	199,188	107,255	-	107,255
214,147	•	214,147	115,310	-	115,310
229,152		229,152	123,389	-	123,389
244,195		244,195	131,490	-	131,490
259,270	2	259,270	139,607	-	139,60
274,370		274,370	147,738	· ·	147,73
221,315	47,194	268,509	119,170	47,194	166,364
Ψ.	210,883	210,883	*	210,883	210,883
-	221,353	221,353	-	221,353	221,353
	231,816	231,816	+	231,816	231,816
-	242,266	242,266	+	242,266	242,266
-	252,695	252,695	-	252,695	252,69
-	263,096	263,096	-	263,096	263,096
-	273,463	273,463	-	273,463	273,463
3,402,100	1,742,766	5,144,866	1,831,900	1,742,766	3,574,666

Denton Apartments, Denton, TX DEPRECIATION SCHEDULE (With 50% Bonus Depreciation if applicable)

Total Construction Costs	28,181,918
Total Depreciable Basis	40,128,276
Ratio	
Asset/	
Depr Basis	Allocated
7.9200%	3,178,148
15.8995%	6,380,209
	9,558,357
	Total Depreciable Basis Ratio Asset/ Depr Basis 7.9200%

	With Soft	Cost Allocation	
	Allocated Personal Property	Allocated Site Work	Total Per Allocated
1st Year Depreciation	635,630	319,010	954,640
2nd Year	1,017,007	606,120	1,623,127
3rd Year	610,204	545,508	1,155,712
4th Year	366,123	491,276	857,399
5th Year	366,123	442,148	808,271
6th Year	183,061	397,487	580,548
7th Year		376,432	376,432
8th Year		376,432	376,432
9th Year		377,070	377,070
10th Year		376,432	376,432
11th Year		377,070	377,070
12th Year		376,432	376,432
13th Year		377,070	377,070
14th Year		376,432	376,432
15th Year		376,432	376,432
16th Year		188,858	188,858
	3,178,148	6,380,209	9,558,357

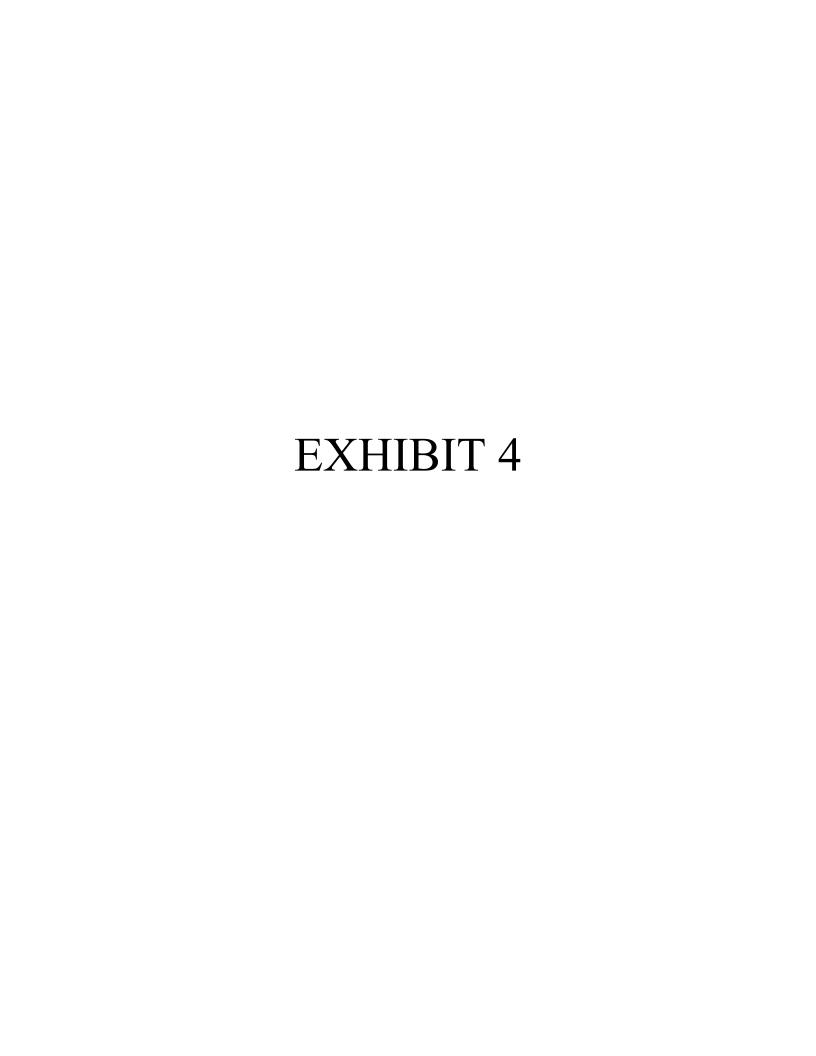
THE NRP GROUP LLC

Denton Apartments, Denton, TX

Scenario: 4% LIHTC

<u>C</u>	Compliance Period	<u>Date</u>	<u>Note</u>	<u>Capital</u> <u>Contribution</u>	Tax Credits	Cash Distrib.	Losses (Income)	Tax Savings (Cost)	Combined Net Benefits	Cumulative Net Benefits	Ending Capital Account
1		2016		\$ (560,934)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (66,519) \$ (23,283)	\$ (584,217)	\$ (584,217)	627,453
2		2017		(1,992,650)	268,560	-	2,316,217		(913,414)		303,886
3	Start	2018		(15,253,835)	1,442,731	4	1,962,536	686,888	(13,124,216)		13,595,185
4	2	2019			1,648,835	- 4	1,179,167	412,708	2,061,543	(12,560,304)	12,416,018
5	3	2020		-	1,648,835		840,053		1,942,855	(10,617,449)	11,575,965
6	4	2021			1,648,835	-	749,309		1,911,092	(8,706,357)	10,826,656
7	5	2022		0.0	1,648,835	-	479,136	167,696	1,816,531	(6,889,826)	10,347,520
8	6	2023			1,648,835	-	231,712	81,100	1,729,935	(5,159,891)	10,115,808
9	7	2024			1,648,835		187,524	65,632	1,714,467	(3,445,423)	9,928,284
10	8	2025		+	1,648,835	10,488	247,947	86,780	1,735,615	(1,709,808)	9,669,849
11	9	2026		-	1,648,835	46,863	565,041	197,764	1,846,599	136,791	9,057,945
12	10	2027		7	1,380,275	49,190	541,971	189,691	1,569,966	1,706,757	8,466,785
13	11	2028		-	206,104	51,515	516,630	180,821	386,925	2,093,682	7,898,640
14	12	2029		-	-	53,837	491,526	172,033	172,033	2,265,715	7,353,277
15	13	2030		-		56,154	464,065	162,424	162,424	2,428,139	6,833,058
16	14	2031		· ·		58,466	436,113	152,640	152,640	2,580,779	6,338,479
17	End	2032			-	60,769	6,277,710	2,197,198	2,197,198	4,777,977	(0)
		2033									ζ-/
				\$ (17,807,419)	\$ 16,488,351	\$ 387,281	\$ 17,420,138	\$ 6,097,045	\$ 4,777,977		

IRR



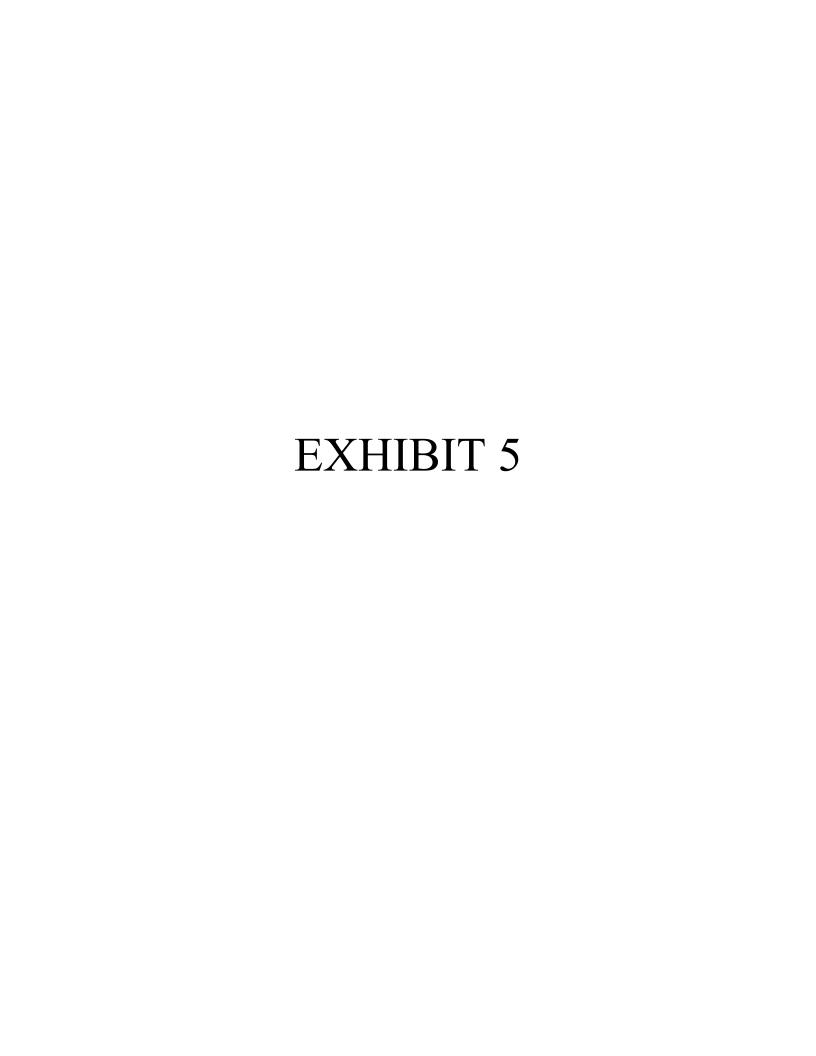
Denton Housing Authority Fiscal Year 2016-17 Budget

INCOME	
Veranda Bond Issuance	162,000
Veranda Annual Income	27,000
Developer Fee (Ojala)	566,000
Bond Issuance (Ojala)	464,000
Annual Income (Ojala)	46,000
Section 8 Admin Fees	1,175,891
Tenant Rental Income	920,460
Other Revenue	281,809
Total Operating Income	3,643,160
<u>EXPENSES</u>	
Administration	2,211,634
Tenant Services	7,200
Utilities	97,500
Maintenance	260,300
Other General Expenses	154,314
Non-Routine Expense	41,000
Total Operating Expense	2,771,949
CAPITAL EXPENSES	
Repairs and Replacement	201,000
Total Capital Expense	201,000
Net Operating Income	670,211

Denton Housing Authority Fiscal Year 2016-17 Budget

Proposed Distribution of Earned Developer Fees

DEVELOPER FEES	
Veranda Bond Issuance	162,000
Veranda Annual Income	27,000
Developer Fee (Ojala)	566,000
Bond Issuance (Ojala)	464,000
Annual Income (Ojala)	46,000
Total Developer Fees	1,265,000
COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS	
United Way Partnership (5%)	63,250
Pilot Housing Assistance Program	150,000
Giving Hope Partnership (Deposits)	5,000
Total Community Contributions	218,250
Reserve for Purchase of	
Renaissance Courts @ 15 years	450,000
Net Income	1,961





Accountant's Compilation Report

To the Board of Directors: Denton Housing Authority 1225 Wilson Street Denton, TX 76205

We have compiled the accompanying balance sheet of the Denton Housing Authority as of January 31, 2017, and the related income statement for the 1 Month and 4 Months then ended. We have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or provide any assurance about whether the financial statements are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements.

Our responsibility is to conduct the compilation in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The objective of a compilation is to assist management in presenting financial information in the form of financial statements without undertaking to obtain or provide any assurance that there are no material modifications that should be made to the financial statements.

Accounting principles accepted in the United States of America require for the accrual of revenues and expenses to be recorded in the period incurred. The Denton Housing Authority has elected not to record these accruals in the accompanying interim financial statements. The income statement includes capital expenditures for presentation purposes. The effects of these departures on the financial statements have not been determined.

The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been compiled from information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed that supplementary information and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on such supplementary information.

Management has elected to omit substantially all of the disclosures, the management's discussion and analysis, and the statement of cash flows required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. If the omitted disclosures, analysis, and statement of cash flows were included in the financial statements, they might influence the user's conclusions about the Denton Housing Authority's financial position, results of operations, and cash flows. Accordingly, these financial statements are not designed for those who are not informed about such matters.

We are not independent with respect to the Denton Housing Authority.

Urlaub & Co., PLLC February 16, 2017

Denton Housing Authority Balance Sheet - Combining As of January 31, 2017

Assets

	Section 8	Management Fund	Heritage Oaks	Disaster Funds	Pecan Place	DPFC	Total
Current Assets							
Cash-unrestricted	\$ 628,415.42	\$ 683,994.02	\$ 946,944.15	\$ 0.00	\$ 12,248.40	\$ 0,00	\$ 2,271,601.99
Cash-other restricted	0.00	0.00	0.00	81,827.31	0.00	0.00	81,827.31
Accounts receivable - PHA projects	67,563.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	67,563.23
Accounts receivable - miscellaneous (net)	(35,264.12)	217,202.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	181,938.81
Accounts receivable - tenants (net)	0.00	0.00	459.10	00.0	233.00	0.00	692.10
Fraud recovery (net)	2,084.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,084.00
Accrued interest receivable	0.28	11.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0,00	11.36
Investments - unrestricted	0.00	192,607.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	192,607,22
Prepaid expenses and other assets	4,810.96	63.16	118.51	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,992.63
Inventories (net)	0.00	986.65	6,591.61	0.00	999.73	0.00	8,577.99
Inter program - due from	17,507.32	<u>70,7</u> 22.74	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	88,230.06
Total Current Assets	685,117.09	1,165,587.80	954,113.37	81,827.31	13,481.13	0.00	2,900,126.70
Property and Equipment				1			
Land	0.00	509,949.32	334,002,00	0.00	159,009,13	2,470,000,00	3,472,960,45
Buildings	205,955,95	1,837,624.92	3,858,627,68	0.00	2,358,240.87	2,470,000,00	8,260,449.42
Furniture, equipment and machinery - dwellings	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	51.461.80	0.00	51,461.80
Furniture, equipment and machinery - administration	170,701,73	36,076,58	62,090.68	0.00	10.059.64	0.00	•
Accumulated depreciation	(255,622,08)	(895,925,49)	(3,192,329.89)	0.00	(1,722,933.33)	0.00	278,928.63
Construction in progress	0.00	1,561.59	0.00	0.00	7,445,35	0.00	(6,066,810.79)
Notes, loans & mortgages receivable - non-current	0.00	150,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00		9,006.94
		130,000.00		0.00	0.00	0.00	150,000.00
Net Property and Equipment	121,035.60	1,639,286.92	1,062,390.47	0.00	<u>863,283.46</u>	2,470,000.00	6,155,996.45
Total Assets	\$ 806,152.69	\$ 2,804,874.72	\$ 2,016,503.84	\$ 81,827.31	\$ 876,764.59	\$ 2,470,000.00	\$ 9,056,123.15

Denton Housing Authority Balance Sheet - Combining As of January 31, 2017

Liabilities and Net Position

Current Liabilities	s	Section 8		Management Fund		ritage Oaks	Disaster Funds		Pecan Place		D	PFC		Total
Accrued wage/payroll taxes payable	Ś	1,175.58	\$	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00				
Accrued compensated absences - current portion	¥	1,175.56	7	1.397.76	\$	0.00 6.257.33	\$	0.00 0.00	\$	0.00 893.71	\$	0.00	\$	1,175.58
Tenant security deposits		0.00		0.00		21.150.00		0.00		3,900.00		0.00 0.00		28,393.66
Unearned revenue		1,469.00		0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	2.4	58,564.81		25,050.00 2,460,033.81
Inter program - due to		12,140.78	_	0.00		2,171.67		0.00		73,917.61		0.00	_	88,230.06
Total Current Liabilities		34,630.22	_	1,397.76		29,579.00		0.00	_	78,711.32	2,4	58,564.81	_	2,602,883.11
Long-Term Liabilities														
Accrued compensated absences - non-current		12,363.67	_	1,521.42		5,835.98		0.00	_	907.56		0.00	_	20,628.63
Total Long-Term Liabilities		12,363.67		1,521.42		5,835.98		0.00		907.56		0.00	_	20,628.63
Total Liabilities		46,993.89		2,919.18		35,414.98		0.00	_	79,618.88	2,4	58,564.81	_	2,623,511.74
Net Position														
Investment in capital assets		99,105.60		1,479,706.13		1,059,290.47		0.00		853,183.21	2.4	70,000.00		5,961,285.41
Unrestricted		526,335.99		1,302,402.35		869,479.41		0.00		(41,555.82)	,	58,564.81)		198,097.12
Restricted		23,945.39		0.00		0.00		81,827.31		0.00		0.00		105,772.70
Capital expenditures-contra		16,630.00		9,580.79		3,100.00		0.00		10,100.25		- 0.00		39,411.04
Net income (loss)		93,141.82	_	10,266.27	_	49,218.98		0.00	_	(24,581.93)		0.00	_	128,045.14
Total Net Position		759,158.80	_	2,801,955,54		1,981,088.86		81,827.31	_	797,145,71		11,435.19	_	6,432,611.41
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	806,152.69	<u>\$</u>	2,804,874.72	\$	2,016,503.84	\$	81,827.31	<u>\$</u>	876,764.59	\$ 2,4	70,000.00	<u>\$</u>	9,056,123.15

Urlaub & Co., PLLC See Accountant's Compilation Report

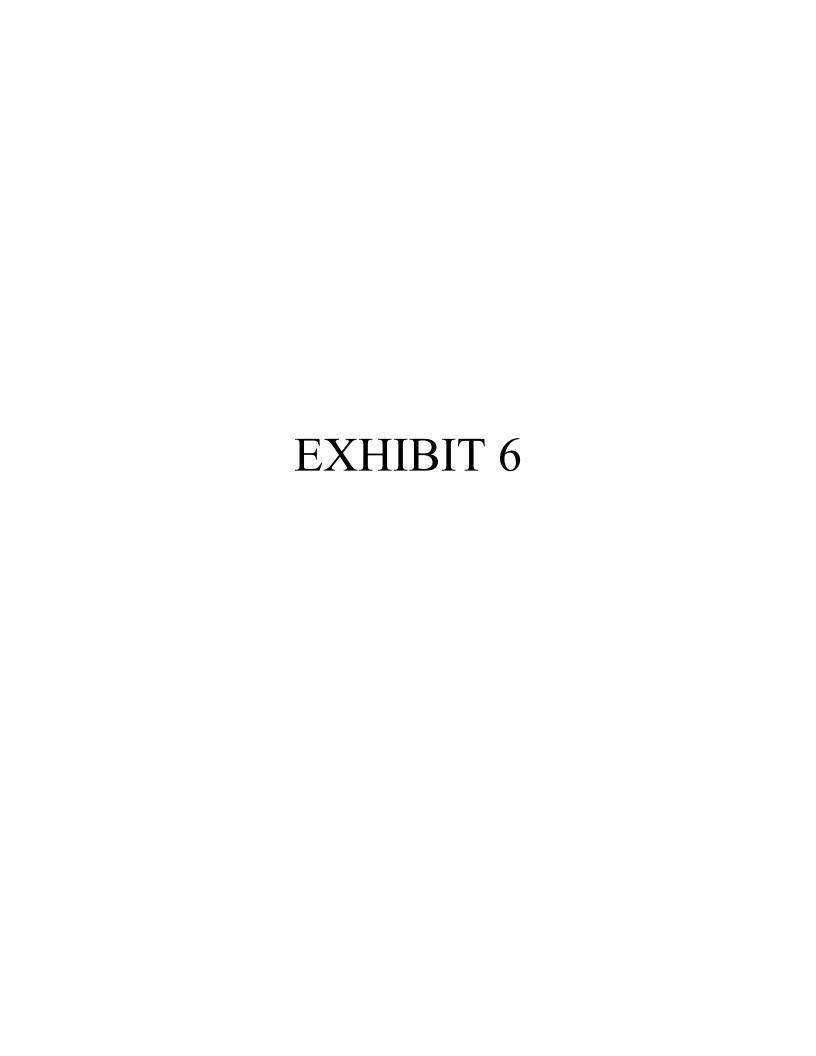
Denton Housing Authority Income Statement-Combining 4 Months Ended 1/31/2017

	Section 8	Management Fund	Her				P	ecan Place	DPFC		Total
Operating Revenues											
Net tenant rental revenue	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$	240,838.00	\$	0.00	\$	43,876.00	\$ 0.00	\$	284,714.0
Tenant revenue - other	0.00	0.00		1,079.75		0.00		36.00	0.00	,	1,115.7
HUD PHA operating grants	4,180,561.00	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		4,180,561.00
Management fees	0.00	19,692.79		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		19,692.79
Investment income - unrestricted	99.66	163.86		894.94		0.00		2.60	0,00		1,161.0
Fraud recovery	1,967.00	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		1,967.0
Other revenue	210,612.82	128,260.00		1,112.75		0.00		3,000.00	0.00		342,985.5
Gain or loss on disposition of capital assets	5,300.00	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		5,300.0
Total Operating Revenues	4,398,540.48	148,116.65		243,925.44		0.00		46,914.60	0.00		4,837,497.1
Operating Expenses											
Administrative salaries	163,332.48	32,332.83		26,353.45		0.00		15,775,55	0.00		237,794.31
Management fees	0.00	0.00		16,621.47		0.00		3,071.32	0.00		19,692.7
Advertising and marketing	344.25	96,67		297.84		0.00		5.09	0.00		743.8
Employee benefits - administrative	55,198.06	8,900.84		10,569.37		0.00		3,454.51	0.00		78,122.7
Office expenses	61,171.50	7,599,58		4,800.61		0.00		2,729.10	0.00		76,300.7
Legal expenses	0.00	2,195.50		0.00		0.00		0.00	0.00		2,195.5
Travel	6,142.80	5,232.84		416.23		0.00		170.32	0.00		11.962.1
Other admin.	9,815.84	28,307.62		1.351.98		0.00		1,073,46	0.00		40,548.9
Total Administrative	296,004.93	84,665.88		60,410.95		0.00		26,279.35	0,00		467,361.1
Tenant services - other	0.00	0.00		1,892.23		0.00		747,24	0.00		3 630 4
Total Tenant Services	0.00	0.00		1,892.23		0.00		747.24	0.00		2,639.47 2,639.47
Water	0.00	2,484.15		3,475,28		0.00		850.94	0.00		5 010 2
Electricity	0.00	4,600,05		2,983.28		0.00		2,743.69	0.00 0.00		6,810.37
Gas	0,00	0.00		1,873.83		0.00		1,337.83			10,327.02
Sewer	0.00	478.45		4,795.34		0.00		956.76	0.00		3,211.60
Total Utilities	0.00	7,562.65		13,127.73		0.00		5,889.22	 0.00		6,230.59 26,579.60
Maintenance labor	0.00	10,003,27		36,203,68		0.00		4,283.84	0.00		
Maintenance materials	290.55	3,830,24		20,327.20		0.00		4,283.8 4 4,073.38	0.00		50,490.79
Naintenance contracts	1,175.00	8,710.76		37,483.69		0.00		,	0.00		28,521.3
Employee benefits - maintenance	0.00	2,526.78		13,414.64				12,308.08	0.00		59,677.53
Total Maintenance	1,465.55	25,071.05		12,717,04		0.00		4,114.85	 0.00		20,056.27

Urlaub & Co., PLLC See Accountant's Compilation Report

Denton Housing Authority Income Statement-Combining 4 Months Ended 1/31/2017

	Section 8	Management Fund	Heritage Oaks	Disaster Funds	Pecan Place	DPFC	Total
Property insurance	657.00	3,360.17	4,181.09	0.00	1,015.80	0.00	9,214.06
Liability insurance	467.43	459.74	142.91	0.00	39.17	0.00	1,109.25
Workmen's compensation	2,068.15	1,957.47	3,048.34	0.00	512.34	0.00	7,586.30
All other insurance	357.71	753.12	465.45	0.00	100.61	0.00	1,676.89
Total Insurance	3,550.29	6,530.50	7,837.79	0.00	1,667.92	0.00	19,586.50
Protective services - other contract costs	0.00	1,988.08	908.55	0.00	2,032.40	0.00	4,929.03
Total Protective Services	0.00	1,988.08	908.55	0.00	2,032.40	0.00	4,929.03
Other general expenses	5,571.89	339.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,910.89
Payments in lieu of taxes	0.00	2,112.43	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	2,112,43
Total General Expenses	5,571.89	2,451.43	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8,023.32
Housing assistance payments	3,778,513.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,778,513.00
HAP portability-in	203,663.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	203,663,00
Total Housing Assistance Payments	3,982,176.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,982,176.00
Total Operating Expenses	4,288,768.66	128,269.59	191,606.46	0.00	61,396.28	0,00	4,670,040.99
Operating Income (Loss)	109,771.82	19,847.06	52,318.98	0.00	(14,481.68)	0.00	167,456.18
Other Financial Items							
Replacement of equipment	16,630.00	0.00	0,00	0.00	0.00	0.00	16,630.00
Property betterments & additions	0.00	9,580.79	3,100.00	0.00	10,100.25	0.00	22,781.04
Total Other Financial Items	16,630.00	9,580.79	3,100.00	0.00	10,100.25	0.00	39,411.04
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 93,141.82	\$ 10,266.27	\$ 49,218.98	\$ 0.00	\$ (24,581.93)	\$ 0.00	\$ 128,045.14



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED

SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
FII	NANCIAL SECTION	
	Independent Auditors' Report	1 3 8 9 10 12
FE	DERAL AWARDS SECTION	
	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	4
	Accordance with Government Auditing Standards Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have A Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over	
	Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.	21
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Corrective Action Plan	23 24
	Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	25
	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	26
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	27
	HUD Financial Data Schedule	28

Members:
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
CERTIFIED PUBLIC
ACCOUNTANTS
TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas Denton, Texas

Report of the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas ("the Authority"), which comprise the statements of net position as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, and the changes in its net position and its cash flows for the years ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 3 through 7 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' basic financial statements. The HUD Financial Data Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The HUD Financial Data Schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the HUD Financial Data Schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 24, 2016 on our consideration of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Secur Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC Denton, Texas

June 24, 2016

HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF DENTON, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

The following is an analysis of the financial performance of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas (the "Authority"). It is intended to provide the reader with an overview of the Authority's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The Authority's total assets decreased from \$6,989,951 to \$6,259,781, a decrease of \$730,170 or 10.4%.

The unrestricted net position balance is \$2,012,275 at September 30, 2015. This represents a decrease of \$229,259, or 10.2% from the previous year. Unrestricted net position represents the amount of available funds for future appropriations.

Operating revenues decreased from \$12,762,871 to \$10,973,856, a decrease of \$1,789,015 or 14.0% primarily due to the decrease in the Section 8 Voucher funding.

Operating expenses increased by \$33,585 to \$11,840,527 for the current year. The increase was primarily due to increased maintenance costs.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of basic financial statements and notes to the financial statements. Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative of the Authority's financial performance and activities for the year ended September 30, 2015. The basic statements provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

The basic financial statements consist of three statements:

- 1. The Statement of Net Position provides information on all the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial situation of the Authority is improving.
- 2. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position presents information showing how the Authority's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Certain revenues and expenses are reported in this statement that will result in cash flows in future periods.
- 3. The Statement of Cash Flows presents information showing how the Authority's cash changed during the most recent fiscal year. It shows the sources and uses of cash.

The Authority's housing programs include the Housing Choice Voucher Program, Management Program, and DHAP. The Housing Choice Voucher Program provides rental assistance to aid low income families to afford decent, safe and sanitary rental housing. The Authority provides rental assistance in the form of a Housing Assistance Payment to a landlord on behalf of the tenant. The DHAP program ended, however, the Authority still holds funds totaling \$81,827 related to that program that are currently restricted. The Authority currently has 1,526 baseline units available. Funds are provided by HUD to provide rental assistance payments. The Authority is provided an administrative fee for the purpose of covering the administrative costs of the program. The fee is preset by HUD on an annual basis. The Authority administers a management fund designed to perform asset management responsibilities for additional properties. Payment for the Authority's administrative office and other rental properties support the Management Program.

The Authority organized the Denton Public Facility Corporation (DPFC) in December 2012 to receive and operate a twenty-four unit low-income housing facility. The Authority owned a portion of the general partner of Denton Senior Housing Development, L.P. which held the facility. After the fifteen-year compliance period related to tax credits expired, the limited partner transferred the entire interest in the facility to DPFC. The Authority must operate the facility under the supervision of the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs for an additional fifteen years.

Renaissance Courts is a multi-family project that received a tax credits award from Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs for the development of a 150 unit town-home style, affordable housing project. The development provides for mixed income and market rate rents. The Authority formed Renaissance Courts Public Facility Corporation to serve as the general partner of Renaissance Courts, L.P. a limited partnership to fund and operate the project. Funding comes from the limited partners purchasing the tax credits and a HUD insured 221 (d)4 mortgage. Operation of Renaissance Courts is managed by an outside management group and funded from rental revenues. The Authority received a developer fee this fiscal year and is still to receive additional deferred developer fees in the future, based on the project's cash flow.

Authority Activities & Highlights

The Authority's overall financial position and operations for the past two years are summarized below based on the information in the current and prior financial statements. The table below lists the asset and liability comparisons for the years ended September 30, 2015 and September 30, 2014.

Statement of Net Position

Category	FYE 2015	FYE 2014	Change %
Current Assets – Unrestricted	\$ 1,937,382	\$ 2,150,768	-9.9%
Current Assets - Restricted	257,421	1,035,522	-75.1%
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	3,851,376	3,590,058	7.3%
Other Non-Current Assets	213,603	213,603	0.0%
Total Assets	6,259,782	6,989,951	-10.4%
Current Liabilities	109,355	99,895	9.5%
Non-Current Liabilities	29,356	22,942	28.0%
Total Liabilities	138,711	122,837	12.9%
Unrestricted	2,012,275	2,241,534	-10.2%
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,851,375	3,590,058	7.3%
Restricted	257,421	1,035,522	-75.1%
Total Net Position	\$ 6,121,071	\$ 6,867,114	-10.9%

Assets

The decrease in current assets-unrestricted was due to a decrease in cash as a result of lower administrative fee income. The decrease in current assets-restricted, is due the Authority receiving less funds from HUD than it expended for tenant rents. The increase in capital assets was due to technology purchases and major renovations at Heritage Oaks Apartments. Other non-current assets is a receivable from a related housing development. The Authority advanced funds to refinance existing debt on the development.

Liabilities

Current liabilities increased primarily due to an increase in accounts payable and accrued compensated absences.

Net Position

The Authority's unrestricted net position decreased slightly as the Authority spent unrestricted cash on fixed assets. The net investment in capital assets increased due to major renovations at Heritage Oaks. Restricted net position decreased due to a decrease in housing assistance funding from HUD.

Statement of Revenues & Expenses

Category	FYE 2015		FYE 2014	Change %	
HUD Operating Grants	\$	9,931,026	\$ 11,082,544	-10.4%	
Tenant Revenue	10	770,371	687,096	12.1%	
Interest Income		1,703	2,263	-24.7%	
Other Revenue	1	391,384	993,231	-60.6%	
Total Revenue		11,094,484	12,765,134	-13.1%	
Administration		1,118,295	1,181,798	-5.4%	
Tenant Services		5,144	5,661	-9.1%	
Utilities		107,162	100,673	6.4%	
Ordinary Maintenance		467,062	372,318	25.4%	
General Expense		26,181	57,942	-54.8%	
Depreciation		239,676	221,126	8.4%	
Housing Assistance Payments		9,877,007	9,867,424	0.1%	
Loss on disposition of asset		*	2,029	-100.0%	
Total Expenses	\$	11,840,527	\$ 11,808,971	0.3%	

Results of Operations

Revenues

Operating revenues of the Authority are generated principally from dwelling rents, Section 8 Administrative fees, HUD grants, and rental assistance payments. The Authority's revenues decreased by \$1,670,650. The primary reason for the decrease in revenue was a decrease in Section 8 voucher funding, decreased payments from other housing authorities and less insurance proceeds from storm damages, partially offset by an increase in tenant revenue. Tenant revenue increased due to an improved lease out percentage at Heritage Oaks. Interest income decreased due to decreasing interest rates paid by banks. The decrease in other revenue is due to decreased payments received from other housing authorities with clients living in the Authority's boundaries and a decrease in insurance payments due to prior year storms.

Expenses

Total expenses increased by \$31,556 over the prior year. Administrative expenses decreased due to broad cost cutting across several areas including salaries, legal, postage and others. Utilities increased as North Texas had a warmer summer than the previous year. Ordinary maintenance increased due to additional maintenance issues with Heritage Oaks. The decrease in general expense was due to a decrease in bad debt. The increase in depreciation expense was due to technology purchases and renovations at Heritage Oaks. Housing assistance payments barely changed as the Authority continued working on keeping their vouchers utilized.

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2015, the Authority's investment in capital assets was \$ 3,851,375. This investment includes land, building, building improvements, office equipment, and maintenance equipment. The increase in capital assets is the result of technology purchases and renovations at Heritage Oaks.

Category	FYE 2015	FYE 2014	Change <u>%</u>
Land	\$ 1,203,916	\$ 1,203,916	0.0%
Buildings and improvements	8,167,699	7,694,337	6.2%
Equipment	348,378	329,863	5.6%
Construction in progress	9,116		100.0%
Accumulated Depreciation	(5,877,734)	(5,638,058)	4.3%
Total Net Fixed Assets	\$ 3,851,375	\$ 3,590,058	7.3%

Future Economic Factors

The Authority will continue to use excess HAP funds and HUD held reserves to cover funding shortfalls from HUD. The Authority will continue to receive developer fee revenues from Renaissance Courts and income from commercial buildings. The Authority has formed Denton Public Facility Corporation to develop 322 multi-family units of affordable housing using tax credits and tax-exempt bonds. The Authority expects to earn developer and management fees and bond issuance fees from this development. The Authority will work with developers to construct more affordable housing to earn additional developer fee revenues. The Authority also plans to sell vacant land that cannot be used for affordable housing development and use those funds for operational and development purposes.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's accountability for all those interested. If you should have additional questions regarding the financial information, contact the Executive Director at Denton Housing Authority, 1225 Wilson Street, Denton, TX 76205.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

ASSETS

	2015	2014
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,465,866	\$ 1,720,687
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	257,421	1,035,522
Accounts receivable - net	5,809	6,133
Accounts receivable - HUD	66,270	24,007
Investments	380,234	379,450
Prepaid expenses	19,203	20,491
Total Current Assets	2,194,803	3,186,290
Non-Current Assets:		
Due from related party - net	213,603	213,603
Capital assets		
Land	1,203,916	1,203,916
Building and improvements	8,167,700	7,694,337
Furniture and equipment	348,378	329,863
Construction in progress	9,116	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,877,734)	(5,638,058)
Total Capital assets	3,851,376	3,590,058
Total Non-Current Assets	4,064,979	3,803,661
Total Assets	6,259,782	6,989,951
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	33,478	27,763
Accrued salaries payable	50,377	50,082
Security deposits payable	25,500	22,050
Total Current Liabilities	109,355	99,895
Long-Term Liabilities:		
Accrued compensated absences - non-current	29,356	22,942
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	3,851,376	3,590,058
Restricted	257,421	1,035,522
Unrestricted	2,012,274	2,241,534
Total Net Position	\$ 6,121,071	\$ 6,867,114
reconstructive and the second		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014
Operating Revenue:	\$ 770.371	¢ 697,006
Tenant revenue	\$ 770,371 9,931,026	\$ 687,096 11,082,544
Federal housing grants Management income and other operating revenue	272,459	993,231
Total Operating Revenues	10,973,856	12,762,871
Operating Expenses:		
Administration	1,118,295	1,181,798
Housing assistance payments	9,877,007	9,867,424
Tenant services	5,144	5,661
Utilities	107,162	100,673
Maintenance	467,062	372,318
Insurance	26,066	26,346
Bad debt expense	115	31,596
Depreciation	239,676	221,126
Total Operating Expenses	11,840,527	11,806,942
Operating Income (Loss)	(866,671)	955,929
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	1,703	2,263
Insurance proceeds	118,925	
Gain/(loss) on disposition of asset		(2,029)
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	120,628	234
Change in net position	(746,043)	956,163
Net Position, Beginning of Year	6,867,114	5,910,951
Net Position, End of Year	\$6,121,071	\$ 6,867,114

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

,	*		2015	-	2014
Cash Flows From Ope	erating Activities				
	ved from HUD	\$	9,888,763	\$	11,027,103
	ved from tenants and other housing authorities		1,013,328		1,217,797
	ved from other sources nents for rent and utility assistance		33,276 (9,877,048)		435,848 (9,867,424)
	nents for administrative and operating expenses	Time I	(1,710,091)		(1,722,630)
Net c	ash provided (used) by operating activities		(651,772)		1,090,694
Cash Flows From Inve	esting Activities				
	investments		1,703		2,263
Cash from	special item		118,925		-
	of capital assets		(500,994)		(207,385)
Sale (Purch	nase) of investments	-	(784)	-	(902)
Net c	ash provided (used) by investing activities		(381,150)		(206,024)
	oital and Related Financing Activities nced to related party		-		(213,603)
Net c	ash provided (used) by capital				
and re	elated financing activities		•		(213,603)
Net Increase (Decreas	se) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1 =	(1,032,922)	-	671,067
Cash and Cash Equive	alents, Beginning of Year		2,756,209		2,085,142
•	alents, End of Year (includes restricted cash of \$257,42	1 _			
and \$1,035,522 at	September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively)	\$_	1,723,287	\$_	2,756,209

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND TYPE (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

	2015		2014
Reconciliation of Net Operating Income to Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Net operating income (loss)	\$ (866,671)	\$	955,929
Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities			
Depreciation	239,676		221,126
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-net	324		1,465
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-HUD	(42,263)		(24,007)
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	1,288		(16,633)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	5,715		(20,992)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - HUD	-		(31,434)
Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries payable	6,709		1,790
Increase (decrease) in security deposits payable	3,450		3,450
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ (651,772)	\$_	1,090,694

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas (the "Authority") is a governmental entity with the purpose of providing low income families with reasonable assistance for housing, giving consideration and care for their well-being, and promoting family self-sufficiency to all families without discrimination. The Authority primarily serves the residents of Denton County, Texas. The Authority's primary funding source is the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development under the Section 8 Rental Voucher Program.

Basis of Presentation

The activities of the Authority are similar to those of proprietary funds of local cities and therefore are reported as an enterprise fund in accordance with governmental accounting and financial reporting principles issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Accordingly, transactions are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Under Alternative 1 of GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, the Authority has elected to apply all standards issued on or before November 30, 1989, by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), in addition to all GASB standards.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The Authority records capital assets at cost and provides for depreciation using the straight-line method over the respective estimated useful lives. Furniture and equipment are depreciated over five years. Buildings and improvements are depreciated over thirty to forty years. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs is charged to operating expenses as incurred.

Income Taxes

The Authority is not subject to income taxes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents – restricted represents excess HAP and DHAP funds. See Restricted Net Position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted Net Position

The Authority receives payments from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") in monthly installments as determined at the beginning of the year based on anticipated needs. At the end of the year, HUD determines how much of the advanced funds were earned by the Authority. Differences in the amounts advanced and the amount earned create excess HAP funds. The Authority must calculate the excess HAP funds, but keeps the excess funds to use towards any funding shortages in future periods. The funds may only be used in connection with the rental voucher program. The Authority calculated the excess funding of \$257,421 and \$1,035,522 as of September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, which it shows as restricted net position in the statement of net position and as cash and cash equivalents – restricted.

The balances of the restricted net position accounts for voucher programs are as follows:

		2015	2014
Excess HAP - Section 8 Voucher	\$	175,594	\$ 953,695
Excess HAP - DHAP	1-	81,827	81,827
Total restricted assets – voucher programs	\$_	257,421	\$ 1,035,522

See also Note 3.

Compensated Absences

Regular, full-time employees receive compensation for vacations, holidays, illness, and certain other qualifying absences. Compensated absences, which have been earned but not paid, have been accrued in the accompanying basic financial statements. For all compensated absences, the liability is valued using pay rates in effect at the end of the Authority's fiscal year.

Prepaid Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit future fiscal periods are recorded as prepaid expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Authority values cash, cash equivalents, investments, receivables and current liabilities at their carrying amounts reported in the financial statements due to the short maturities of those instruments.

Date of Management's Review

Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 24, 2016, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - REPORTING ENTITY

The Authority, for financial purposes, includes all of the accounts relevant to the operations of the Authority. The financial statements presented herein do not include agencies which have been formed under applicable state laws or separate and distinct units of government apart from the Authority. The Authority is governed by a five member Board of Commissioners, who are appointed by the City of Denton, Texas City Council.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Deposits, including those in restricted assets, are defined as cash or cash equivalents on deposit with financial institutions. At September 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$1,723,287 and the bank balance was \$1,743,348. The bank deposits were held with financial institutions and are required to be insured or collateralized with securities held by banks in their trust departments, not in the Authority's name. At September 30, 2015, all of the Authority's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or pledged securities. At September 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits was \$2,756,209 and the bank balance was \$2,765,115. The bank deposits were held with financial institutions and are required to be insured or collateralized with securities held by banks in their trust departments, not in the Authority's name. At September 30, 2014, all of the Authority's deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or pledged securities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and cash equivalents consist of the following at September 30:

	-	2015	_	2014
Cash and cash equivalents – unrestricted Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	\$	1,465,866 257,421	\$	1,720,687 1,035,522
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,723,287	\$	2,756,209

Investments

The Authority's investments consist of bank certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposit total \$380,234 and \$379,450 at September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. The certificates of deposit are insured up to \$250,000 per financial institution.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk, for deposits and investments that are certificates of deposits, is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned. As of September 30, 2015 and 2014, the Authority's deposits were either collateralized or covered by FDIC insurance. For sixteen days during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2015 deposits exceeded FDIC insurance and pledged collateral. The largest amount exceeding FDIC insurance and pledged collateral was \$881,868. For sixteen days during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2014 deposits exceeded FDIC insurance and pledged collateral. The largest amount exceeding FDIC insurance and pledged collateral was \$799,682.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an instrument. The Authority's investments were in certificates of deposits with maturities no longer than two years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparts to an investment in debt securities will not fulfill its obligation. The Authority's deposits and investments exceeded FDIC insurance and pledged securities coverage sixteen days during the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Authority's investment in a single issuer. The Authority's deposits and investments exceeded FDIC insurance and pledged securities coverage sixteen days during the years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 4 - Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the Authority for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

		Balance Oct. 1		Additions	Retirement/ Adjustment		Balance Sept. 30
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total assets not being	\$	1,203,916	9	9,116	\$	\$ 5	1,203,916 9116
depreciated		1,203,916		9,116	160		1,213,032
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and		7 604 227		472.262			P 167 700
improvements Furniture and equipment		7,694,337 329,863		473,363	-		8,167,700 348,378
Total capital assets being		329,003	-	18,515		-	340,370
depreciated		8,024,200		491,878	4		8,516,078
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and							
improvements		(5,391,063)		(203,752)	-		(5,594,815)
Furniture and equipment		(246,995)		(35,924)	-	_	(282,919)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(5,638,058)		(239,676)		-	(5,877,734)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		2,386,142	37.0	252,202		_	2,638,344
Total capital assets, net	\$.	3,590,058	\$	261,318	\$ 	\$ 	3,851,376

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority manages its risk of these types of losses through the purchase of commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year, nor have there been settlements in excess of insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

The Authority maintains an employee retirement plan for all full-time employees after 90 days of employment. The plan is a defined contribution plan. The Authority contributes 7% of eligible employees' compensation, and employees may make voluntary contributions of up to 10% of their compensation. For the year ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, the authority recorded \$36,513 and \$43,670, respectively, as retirement contribution expense.

NOTE 7 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In October of 2004, the Authority formed Renaissance Courts Public Facility Corporation, a not-for-profit entity, to become a general partner in Renaissance Courts, L.P. The Authority transferred low-income housing credits obtained from the Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs to Renaissance Courts Public Facility Corporation, who in turn, transferred them to Renaissance Courts, L.P. Renaissance Courts, L.P. is a partnership formed to build and operate a 150 unit housing project in Denton, Texas. An outside management group manages the housing project which opened in the summer of 2006. In the event Renaissance Courts Public Facility Corporation is dissolved, any remaining assets, after all of the obligations of the corporation are paid, will be transferred to the Authority. The Authority's directors are also the directors of the Renaissance Courts Public Facility Corporation. In 2014, the Authority advanced funds to the project to facilitate refinancing debt on the project. The advance totaled 213,603 and is shown as due from related party on the statement of net position.

NOTE 8 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at September 30, 2015 and 2014 consists of the following:

	2015	2014
Tenant receivables	\$ 1,331	\$ 2
Receivables due from other Housing Authorities	9,043	9,742
Receivables due from tenants from		
fraudulent activity	16,674	20,459
Other receivables	2,946	 -
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	(24,185)	(24,070)
Total	\$ 5,809	\$ 6,133

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015 AND 2014

Note 9 - Inter-program Receivables and Payables

Inter-program balances at September 30, 2015 and 2014 consisted of the following individual program receivables and payables:

	20	115		20	14	
Program	Receivable		Payable	Receivable		Payable
Housing Choice Voucher Program:			1 1111			
Business Activities	\$ 4	\$	6,013	\$ -	\$	4,630
New Construction Program	3,442			-		117
Senior Housing Program	504		-	₩.		-
Senior Housing Program:						
Business Activities	-		35,698	-		82,764
Housing Choice Voucher Program	-		504	+		
New Construction Program:						
Housing Choice Voucher Program	4		3,442	117		-
Business Activities:						
Housing Choice Voucher Program	6,013		-	4,630		
Senior Housing Program	35,698			82,764		12
5 5	\$ 45,657	\$	45,657	\$ 87,511	\$	87,511

These accounts were eliminated in the preparation of the general-purpose financial statements.

Note 10 - Special Item

The Authority was a majority owner in Denton Housing Partners, Inc. the general partner to the Denton Senior Housing Development, L.P. which owned and operated a twenty-four (24) unit low income housing facility for tenants meeting certain income qualifications and are at least sixty-three (63) years of age.

Effective December 20, 2012, the limited partner transferred and assigned 100% of its limited partner interest in the partnership to Denton Public Facility Corporation (DPFC). DPFC agreed to accept the transfer and assignment and to release the limited partner from certain of its obligations. DPFC is a public facility corporation and instrumentality of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas.

The Authority now accounts for the assets and liabilities in DPFC as its own as a separate program.



Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas Denton, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 24, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Ecistup. Deaton, Tonn & Secur Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC

Denton, Texas

June 24, 2016

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

> TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Commissioners Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas Denton, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015. Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seary, PC Denton, Texas

June 24, 2016

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

1. Summary of Auditors' Results

- a. Type of auditors' report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
- Financial statements internal control over financial reporting:
 Material weakness (es) identified: No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness:
 No
- c. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- d. Federal Awards internal control over major programs:
 Material weakness (es) identified: No
 Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness:
- e. Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal award programs: Unmodified.
- f. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported under Section .510(a)2-7 of OMB Circular A-133: No
- g. Major programs include: Section 8 Rental Voucher Program, CFDA number 14.871
- h. Dollar threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and Type B programs: \$300,000.
- i. Low risk auditee: Yes
- 2. Findings Related to the Financials Statements

None

3. Other Findings

None

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

N/A

SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

FINDING/NONCOMPLIANCE

N/A

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	 Federal Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING A URBAN DEVELOPMENT	ND		
Section 8 – Rental Voucher Program	14.871	\$ 9,931,026	
Total U.S. Department of Housing an Urban Development	ıd	 9,931,026	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 9,931,026	

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Housing Authority of the City of Denton, Texas and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Denton Housing Authority (TX392)

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14,871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$334,359	\$852,153		\$388,428	\$1,574,940
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	\$0				\$0
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$175,593		\$81,827		\$257,420
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$25,500			\$25,500
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$0				\$0
100 Total Cash	\$509,952	\$877,653	\$81,827	\$388,428	\$1,857,860
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$9,043				\$9,043
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$66,270				\$66,270
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$0				\$0
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$160	\$37		\$216,351	\$216,548
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$0	\$1,331			\$1,331
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	\$0	-\$593			-\$593
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	-\$7,234	\$0		\$0	-\$7,234
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$0				\$0
128 Fraud Recovery	\$16,674				\$16,674
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	-\$16,357				-\$16,357
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$601			\$865	\$1,466
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$69,157	\$775	\$0	\$217,216	\$287,148
131 Investments - Unrestricted	\$53,189			\$192,472	\$245,661
132 Investments - Restricted	\$0				\$0
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	\$0				\$0
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$10,729	\$987		\$494	\$12,210
143 Inventories	\$0	\$6,141			\$6,141

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotat
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	\$0	-\$614			-\$614
144 Inter Program Due From	\$3,946			\$41,711	\$45,657
145 Assets Held for Sale	\$0				\$0
150 Total Current Assets	\$646,973	\$884,942	\$81,827	\$840,321	\$2,454,063
161 Land	\$0	\$493,011		\$710,905	\$1,203,916
162 Buildings	\$205,956	\$6,168,171		\$1,793,573	\$8,167,700
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$0	\$51,462			\$51,462
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administration	\$212,340	\$48,498		\$36,077	\$296,915
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$0				\$0
166 Accumulated Depreciation	-\$295,626	-\$4,755,851		-\$826,256	-\$5,877,733
167 Construction in Progress	\$0			\$9,116	\$9,116
168 Infrastructure	\$0				\$0
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$122,670	\$2,005,291	\$0	\$1,723,415	\$3,851,376
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - Non-Current	\$0				\$0
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non Current - Past	\$0				\$0
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$0				\$0
174 Other Assets	\$0				\$0
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	\$0				\$0
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$122,670	\$2,005,291	\$0	\$1,723,415	\$3,851,376
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$0				\$0
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$769,643	\$2,890,233	\$81,827	\$2,563,736	\$6,305,439

Denton Housing Authority (TX392)

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14,871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
311 Bank Overdraft	\$0				\$0
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$3,281	\$4,942		\$11,956	\$20,179
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	\$0				\$0
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$23,719	\$8,294		\$1,054	\$33,067
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$18,220	\$4,350		\$1,118	\$23,688
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	\$0				\$0
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$0				\$0
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	\$265				\$265
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects	\$0				\$0
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$0				\$0
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$25,500			\$25,500
342 Unearned Revenue	\$0	\$3,298			\$3,298
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital	\$0				\$0
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings	\$0				\$0
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$0				\$0
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$0	\$1,265		\$2,094	\$3,359
347 Inter Program - Due To	\$6,013	\$39,644			\$45,657
348 Loan Liability - Current	\$0				\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	\$51,498	\$87,293	\$0	\$16,222	\$155,013
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage	\$0				\$0
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	\$0				\$0
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$0				\$0
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$22,198	\$5,850		\$1,307	\$29,355
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	\$0				\$0
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	\$0				\$0

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$0				\$0
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$22,198	\$5,850	\$0	\$1,307	\$29,355
300 Total Liabilities	\$73,696	\$93,143	\$0	\$17,529	\$184,368
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources					
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$122,670	\$2,005,291		\$1,723,415	\$3,851,376
511.4 Restricted Net Position	\$175,593		\$81,827		\$257,420
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position	\$397,684	\$791,799	\$0	\$822,792	\$2,012,275
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$695,947	\$2,797,090	\$81,827	\$2,546,207	\$6,121,071
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity -	\$769,643	\$2,890,233	\$81,827	\$2,563,736	\$6,305,439

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
111 Cash - Unrestricted	\$0	\$1,574,940
112 Cash - Restricted - Modernization and Development	\$0	\$0
113 Cash - Other Restricted	\$0	\$257,420
114 Cash - Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$25,500
115 Cash - Restricted for Payment of Current Liabilities	\$0	\$0
100 Total Cash	\$0	\$1,857,860
121 Accounts Receivable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$9,043
122 Accounts Receivable - HUD Other Projects	\$0	\$66,270
124 Accounts Receivable - Other Government	\$0	\$0
125 Accounts Receivable - Miscellaneous	\$0	\$216,548
126 Accounts Receivable - Tenants	\$0	\$1,331
126.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts -Tenants	\$0	-\$593
126.2 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other	\$0	-\$7,234
127 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Current	\$0	\$0
128 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$16,674
128.1 Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Fraud	\$0	-\$16,357
129 Accrued Interest Receivable	\$0	\$1,466
120 Total Receivables, Net of Allowances for Doubtful Accounts	\$0	\$287,148
131 Investments - Unrestricted	\$0	\$245,661
132 Investments - Restricted	\$0	\$0
135 Investments - Restricted for Payment of Current Liability	\$0	\$0
142 Prepaid Expenses and Other Assets	\$0	\$12,210
143 Inventories	\$0	\$6,141
143.1 Allowance for Obsolete Inventories	\$0	-\$614

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
144 Inter Program Due From	-\$45,657	\$0
145 Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0
150 Total Current Assets	-\$45,657	\$2,408,406
161 Land	\$0	\$1,203,916
162 Buildings	\$0	\$8,167,700
163 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Dwellings	\$0	\$51,462
164 Furniture, Equipment & Machinery - Administr	ation \$0	\$296,915
165 Leasehold Improvements	\$0	\$0
166 Accumulated Depreciation	\$0	-\$5,877,733
167 Construction in Progress	\$0	\$9,116
168 Infrastructure	\$0	\$0
160 Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Dep	reciation \$0	\$3,851,376
171 Notes, Loans and Mortgages Receivable - No	n-Current \$0	\$0
172 Notes, Loans, & Mortgages Receivable - Non	Current - Past \$0	\$0
173 Grants Receivable - Non Current	\$0	\$0
174 Other Assets	\$0	\$0
176 Investments in Joint Ventures	\$0	\$0
180 Total Non-Current Assets	\$0	\$3,851,376
200 Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$0	\$0
290 Total Assets and Deferred Outflow of Resource	Ses -\$45,657	\$6,259,782
311 Bank Overdraft	\$0	\$0

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
312 Accounts Payable <= 90 Days	\$0	\$20,179
313 Accounts Payable >90 Days Past Due	\$0	\$0
321 Accrued Wage/Payroll Taxes Payable	\$0	\$33,067
322 Accrued Compensated Absences - Current Portion	\$0	\$23,688
324 Accrued Contingency Liability	\$0	\$0
325 Accrued Interest Payable	\$0	\$0
331 Accounts Payable - HUD PHA Programs	\$0	\$265
332 Account Payable - PHA Projects	\$0	\$0
333 Accounts Payable - Other Government	\$0	\$0
341 Tenant Security Deposits	\$0	\$25,500
342 Uneamed Revenue	\$0	\$3,298
343 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Capital	\$0	\$0
344 Current Portion of Long-term Debt - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0
345 Other Current Liabilities	\$0	\$0
346 Accrued Liabilities - Other	\$0	\$3,359
347 Inter Program - Due To	-\$45,657	\$0
348 Loan Liability - Current	\$0	\$0
310 Total Current Liabilities	-\$45,657	\$109,356
351 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Capital Projects/Mortgage	\$0	\$0
352 Long-term Debt, Net of Current - Operating Borrowings	\$0	\$0
353 Non-current Liabilities - Other	\$0	\$0
354 Accrued Compensated Absences - Non Current	\$0	\$29,355
355 Loan Liability - Non Current	\$0	\$0
356 FASB 5 Liabilities	\$0	\$0
357 Accrued Pension and OPEB Liabilities	\$0	\$0

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Balance Sheet Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
350 Total Non-Current Liabilities	\$0	\$29,355
300 Total Liabilities	-\$45,657	\$138,711
400 Deferred Inflow of Resources		
508.4 Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$3,851,376
511.4 Restricted Net Position		\$257,420
512.4 Unrestricted Net Position		\$2,012,275
513 Total Equity - Net Assets / Position	\$0	\$6,121,071
600 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Equity -	-\$45,657	\$6,259,782

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14,871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$0	\$768,300		1	\$768,300
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$0	\$2,071			\$2,071
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$0	\$770,371	\$0	\$0	\$770,371
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$9,931,026				\$9,931,026
70610 Capital Grants	\$0				\$0
70710 Management Fee					\$0
70720 Asset Management Fee					\$0
70730 Book Keeping Fee					\$0
70740 Front Line Service Fee					\$0
70750 Other Fees					\$0
70700 Total Fee Revenue					\$0
70800 Other Government Grants	\$0				\$0
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$480	\$535		\$689	\$1,704
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	\$0				\$0
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	\$0				\$0
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets	\$0				\$0
71400 Fraud Recovery	\$922				\$922
71500 Other Revenue	\$231,794	\$122,228		\$186,956	\$540,978
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	\$0				\$0
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	\$0			11 - 4	\$0
70000 Total Revenue	\$10,164,222	\$893,134	\$0	\$187,645	\$11,245,001
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$473,982	\$130,509		\$16,801	\$621,292

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
91200 Auditing Fees	\$8,925	\$5,100		\$2,975	\$17,000
91300 Management Fee	\$0	\$53,956			\$53,956
91310 Book-keeping Fee	\$0				\$0
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$1,166	\$173		\$323	\$1,662
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$136,867	\$34,202		\$4,424	\$175,493
91600 Office Expenses	\$185,298	\$25,438		\$7,313	\$218,049
91700 Legal Expense	\$0			\$10,977	\$10,977
91800 Travel	\$17,760	\$4,180		\$11,657	\$33,597
91810 Allocated Overhead	\$0				\$0
91900 Other	\$29,146	\$10,100		\$22,476	\$61,722
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	\$853,144	\$263,658	\$0	\$76,946	\$1,193,748
92000 Asset Management Fee	\$0				\$0
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$0				\$0
92200 Relocation Costs	\$0				\$0
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$0				\$0
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$0	\$5,144			\$5,144
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$0	\$5,144	\$0	\$0	\$5,144
93100 Water	\$0	\$17,420		\$8,545	\$25,965
93200 Electricity	\$0	\$23,636		\$20,730	\$44,366
93300 Gas	\$0	\$12,150			\$12,150
93400 Fuel	\$0				\$0
93500 Labor	\$0				\$0
93600 Sewer	\$0	\$22,871		\$1,810	\$24,681
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	\$0	1			\$0

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
93800 Other Utilities Expense	\$0				\$0
93000 Total Utilities	\$0	\$76,077	\$0	\$31,085	\$107,162
94100 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$0	\$115,729		\$13,557	\$129,286
94200 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and	\$3,012	\$109,858		\$8,376	\$121,246
94300 Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$3,414	\$117,130		\$27,082	\$147,626
94500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$39,532		\$5,097	\$44,629
94000 Total Maintenance	\$6,426	\$382,249	\$0	\$54,112	\$442,787
95100 Protective Services - Labor	\$0				\$0
95200 Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	\$D	\$12,664		\$6,024	\$18,688
95300 Protective Services - Other	\$0				\$0
95500 Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services	\$0				\$0
95000 Total Protective Services	\$0	\$12,664	\$0	\$6,024	\$18,688
96110 Property Insurance	\$3,329	\$6,658		\$3,329	\$13,316
96120 Liability Insurance	\$216	\$433		\$216	\$865
96130 Workmen's Compensation	\$1,836	\$3,672		\$1,836	\$7,344
96140 All Other Insurance	\$1,135	\$2,270		\$1,135	\$4,540
96100 Total insurance Premiums	\$6,516	\$13,033	\$0	\$6,516	\$26,065
96200 Other General Expenses	\$23,277	\$160		\$817	\$24,254
96210 Compensated Absences	\$33,273	\$9,894		\$2,238	\$45,405
96300 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0				\$0
96400 Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$0	\$594			\$594
96500 Bad debt - Mortgages	\$0				\$0

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
96600 Bad debt - Other	\$82				\$82
96800 Severance Expense	\$0				\$0
96000 Total Other General Expenses	\$56,632	\$10,648	\$0	\$3,055	\$70,335
96710 Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$0				
96720 Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	\$0			1	\$0 \$0
96730 Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	\$0				\$0
96700 Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
96900 Total Operating Expenses	\$922,718	\$763,473	\$0	\$177,738	\$1,863,929
97000 Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$9,241,504	\$129,661	\$0	\$9,907	\$9,381,072
97100 Extraordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$5,586			\$5,586
97200 Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$0	\$4.846			\$4,846
97300 Housing Assistance Payments	\$9,682,166	0.10.0			\$9,682,166
97350 HAP Portability-In	\$194,841				\$194,841
97400 Depreciation Expense	\$29,093	\$141,148		\$69,435	\$239,676
97500 Fraud Losses	\$0			400,400	\$0
97600 Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds					ψU
97700 Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds					
97800 Dwelling Units Rent Expense	\$0				\$0
90000 Total Expenses	\$10,828,818	\$915,053	\$0	\$247,173	\$11,991,044
10010 Operating Transfer in	\$0				\$0
10020 Operating transfer Out	\$0				\$0

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
10030 Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government	\$0				\$0
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit	\$0				\$0
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds					
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales					
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	\$0				\$0
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	\$0				\$0
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In					\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out					\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	\$0				\$0
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out	\$0				\$0
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total	-\$664,596	-\$21,919	\$0	-\$59,528	-\$746,043
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$1,360,543	\$2,819,009	\$81,827	\$2,605,735	\$6,867,114
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Correction	\$0				\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance					
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance					
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability					
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability					
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling					
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other					
11170 Administrative Fee Equity	\$520,354				\$520,354
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity	\$175,593				\$175,593

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	14.871 Housing Choice Vouchers	6.2 Component Unit - Blended	2 State/Local	1 Business Activities	Subtotal
11190 Unit Months Available	18312	1728			20040
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	17262	1428			18690
11270 Excess Cash					10030
11610 Land Purchases					
11620 Building Purchases					_
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases					
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases					
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases					
11660 Infrastructure Purchases					
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments					
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds					

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
70300 Net Tenant Rental Revenue	\$0	\$768,300
70400 Tenant Revenue - Other	\$0	\$2,071
70500 Total Tenant Revenue	\$0	\$770,371
70600 HUD PHA Operating Grants	\$0	\$9,931,026
70610 Capital Grants	\$0	\$0
70710 Management Fee	\$0	\$0
70720 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0
70730 Book Keeping Fee	\$0	\$0
70740 Front Line Service Fee	\$0	\$0
70750 Other Fees	\$0	\$0
70700 Total Fee Revenue	\$0	\$0
70800 Other Government Grants	\$0	\$0
71100 Investment Income - Unrestricted	\$0	\$1,704
71200 Mortgage Interest Income	\$0	\$0
71300 Proceeds from Disposition of Assets Held for Sale	\$0	\$0
71310 Cost of Sale of Assets	\$0	\$0
71400 Fraud Recovery	\$0	\$922
71500 Other Revenue	-\$149,956	\$391,022
71600 Gain or Loss on Sale of Capital Assets	\$0	\$0
72000 Investment Income - Restricted	\$0	\$0
70000 Total Revenue	-\$149,956	\$11,095,045
91100 Administrative Salaries	\$0	\$621,292
91200 Auditing Fees	\$0	\$17,000

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
91300 Management Fee	-\$53,956	\$0
91310 Book-keeping Fee	\$0	\$0
91400 Advertising and Marketing	\$0	\$1,662
91500 Employee Benefit contributions - Administrative	\$0	\$175,493
91600 Office Expenses	-\$96,000	\$122,049
91700 Legal Expense	\$0	\$10,977
91800 Travel	\$0	\$33,597
91810 Allocated Overhead	\$0	\$0
91900 Other	\$0	\$61,722
91000 Total Operating - Administrative	-\$149,956	\$1,043,792
92000 Asset Management Fee	\$0	\$0
92100 Tenant Services - Salaries	\$0	\$0
92200 Relocation Costs	\$0	\$0
92300 Employee Benefit Contributions - Tenant Services	\$0	\$0
92400 Tenant Services - Other	\$0	\$5,144
92500 Total Tenant Services	\$0	\$5,144
93100 Water	\$0	\$25,965
93200 Electricity	\$0	\$44,366
93300 Gas	\$0	\$12,150
93400 Fuel	\$0	\$0
93500 Labor	\$0	\$0
93600 Sewer	\$0	\$24,681
93700 Employee Benefit Contributions - Utilities	\$0	\$0
93800 Other Utilities Expense	\$0	\$0

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

		ELIM	Total
93000	Total Utilities	\$0	\$107,162
94100	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Labor	\$0	\$129,286
94200	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations - Materials and	\$0	\$121,246
94300	Ordinary Maintenance and Operations Contracts	\$0	\$147,626
94500	Employee Benefit Contributions - Ordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$44,629
94000	Total Maintenance	\$0	\$442,787
95100	Protective Services - Labor	\$0	\$0
95200	Protective Services - Other Contract Costs	\$0	\$18,688
95300	Protective Services - Other	\$0	\$0
95500	Employee Benefit Contributions - Protective Services	\$0	\$0
95000	Total Protective Services	\$0	\$18,688
96110	Property Insurance	\$0	\$13,316
96120	Liability Insurance	\$0	\$865
96130	Workmen's Compensation	\$0	\$7,344
96140	All Other Insurance	\$0	\$4,540
96100	Total insurance Premiums	\$0	\$26,065
96200	Other General Expenses	\$0	\$24,254
96210	Compensated Absences	\$0	\$45,405
96300	Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0	\$0
96400	Bad debt - Tenant Rents	\$0	\$594
96500	Bad debt - Mortgages	\$0	\$0
96600	Bad debt - Other	\$0	\$82

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

		ELIM	Total
96800	Severance Expense	\$0	\$0
96000	Total Other General Expenses	\$0	\$70,335
96710	Interest of Mortgage (or Bonds) Payable	\$0	\$0
96720	Interest on Notes Payable (Short and Long Term)	\$0	\$0
96730	Amortization of Bond Issue Costs	\$0	\$0
96700	Total Interest Expense and Amortization Cost	\$0	\$0
96900	Total Operating Expenses	-\$149,956	\$1,713,973
97000	Excess of Operating Revenue over Operating Expenses	\$0	\$9,381,072
97100	Extraordinary Maintenance	\$0	\$5,586
97200	Casualty Losses - Non-capitalized	\$0	\$4,846
97300	Housing Assistance Payments	\$0	\$9,682,166
97350	HAP Portability-In	\$0	\$194,841
97400	Depreciation Expense	\$0	\$239,676
97500	Fraud Losses	\$0	\$0
97600	Capital Outlays - Governmental Funds		
97700	Debt Principal Payment - Governmental Funds		
97800	Dwelling Units Rent Expense	\$0	\$0
90000	Total Expenses	-\$149,956	\$11,841,088
10010	Operating Transfer In	\$0	\$0
10020	Operating transfer Out	\$0	\$0
10030	Operating Transfers from/to Primary Government	\$0	\$0

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

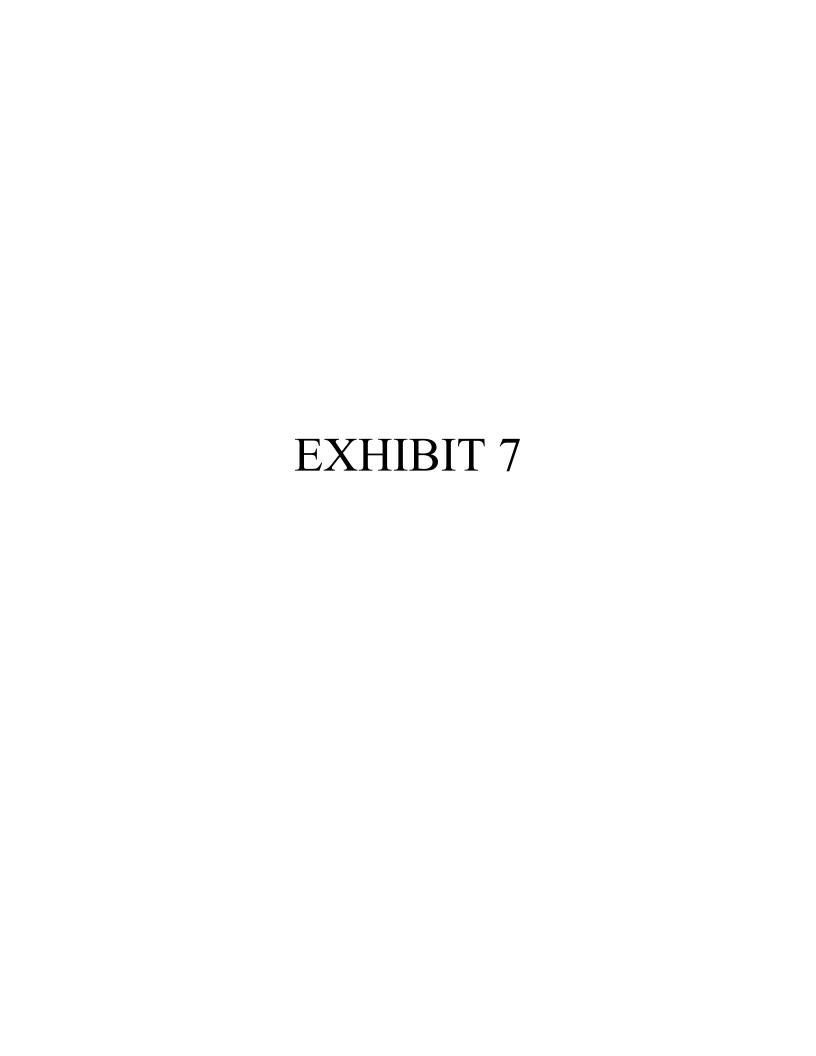
	ELIM	Total
10040 Operating Transfers from/to Component Unit	\$0	\$0
10050 Proceeds from Notes, Loans and Bonds		
10060 Proceeds from Property Sales		
10070 Extraordinary Items, Net Gain/Loss	\$0	\$0
10080 Special Items (Net Gain/Loss)	\$0	\$0
10091 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer In	\$0	\$0
10092 Inter Project Excess Cash Transfer Out	\$0	\$0
10093 Transfers between Program and Project - In	\$0	\$0
10094 Transfers between Project and Program - Out	\$0	\$0
10100 Total Other financing Sources (Uses)		\$0
10000 Excess (Deficiency) of Total Revenue Over (Under) Total		-\$746,043
11020 Required Annual Debt Principal Payments		\$0
11030 Beginning Equity	\$0	\$6,867,114
11040 Prior Period Adjustments, Equity Transfers and Coπection	\$0	\$0
11050 Changes in Compensated Absence Balance		
11060 Changes in Contingent Liability Balance		
11070 Changes in Unrecognized Pension Transition Liability		
11080 Changes in Special Term/Severance Benefits Liability		
11090 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Dwelling		
11100 Changes in Allowance for Doubtful Accounts - Other		
11170 Administrative Fee Equity		\$520,354
11180 Housing Assistance Payments Equity		\$175,593
11190 Unit Months Available	0	20040

Denton, TX

Entity Wide Revenue and Expense Summary

Submission Type: Unaudited/A-133

	ELIM	Total
	ELIM	Total
11210 Number of Unit Months Leased	0	18690
11270 Excess Cash		
11610 Land Purchases		
11620 Building Purchases		
11630 Furniture & Equipment - Dwelling Purchases		
11640 Furniture & Equipment - Administrative Purchases		
11650 Leasehold Improvements Purchases		
11660 Infrastructure Purchases		
13510 CFFP Debt Service Payments		
13901 Replacement Housing Factor Funds		



DHA Development Activities

			# OF	Market		DEVELOPER				EST. REV.
DEVELOPMENT	PARTNER	TYPE	UNITS	Rate	DHA AFFILIATE	FEE	ROFR	CASHFLOW	4% or 9%	(15 YEARS)
The Veranda	NRP	Family	322	0	DPFC	65/35	✓	50/50	4%	\$3,574,666
MedPark Standard	Ojala	Family	263	0	DPFC	65/35	✓	50/50	4%	\$2,400,000
MedPark Hudson	Ojala	Elderly	160	0	DPFC	65/35	✓	50/50	4%	\$1,900,000
Palladium	Palladium	Family	180	92	Premier DPFC	50/35/15	✓	48/28/14/10	9%	\$1,564,407
Reserve at Sherman	MV Residential	Family	120	24	Premier DPFC	Pending	✓	Pending	9%	\$2,000,000
Total			1045							\$11,439,073



DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS 215 E. McKinney * Denton, TX 76201 * 940-349-8509

MEMORANDUM

DATE: May 1, 2017

TO: Todd Hileman, City Manager

FROM: John Cabrales, Director of Community Affairs

SUBJECT: Information on Denton Housing Authority – Ojala Tax Credit

Development

Below is information in response to questions asked by council regarding the partnership between the Denton Housing Authority (DHA) and Ojala Holdings on two, 4% tax credit developments. All the information was provided by DHA and Ojala. Both DHA and Ojala plan to be present at tomorrow's Work Session discussion to answer any further questions.

What are the differences between a 9% Housing Tax Credit development and a 4% Housing Tax Credit development?

The Texas Department of Housing and Community Affairs (TDHCA) administers two different housing tax credit programs in the State of Texas; a 9% and 4% program. Housing tax credits are used to help finance the construction, acquisition and/or renovation of affordable housing units.

• 9% housing tax credit program:

- VERY competitive program -- In 2017, 85 applications were submitted in the DFW region, of which eight may be funded (less than 10% success rate).
- Applications are funded based on detailed scoring criteria established by TDHCA
 -- all developers 'compete' against one-another.
- Local units of government can affect the points of an applicant from their jurisdiction by approving a resolution of "Opposition", "Non-Opposition", or "Support."
- o Typically, a 9% award will provide an equity contribution to the development equal to approximately 70% of the total development costs.

• 4% housing tax credit program:

- Non-competitive program that favors good site selection over an opaque set of application rules.
- o Applications are funded based on hitting detailed criteria established by TDHCA.
- Local units of government must approve a resolution of "Non-Opposition" for an application to be considered.

O Typically, a 4% award will provide an equity contribution to the development equal to approximately 30% of the total development costs -- significantly lower than a 9% deal, thus additional financial creativity is required (tax exemptions, soft loans, forgivable grants, etc.).

What are the deal points in the partnership agreement between DHA and Ojala?

- DHA and Ojala will serve as co-developers
 - o Ojala will manage the pre-development, development and construction process
 - o DHA has consent/approval rights on all major decisions
- Developer Fee split 65/35 between Ojala/DHA \$1,925,000 to DHA
- Cash Flow split of 50/50 \$2,977,423 to DHA
- DHA to retain the Right of First Refusal (ROFR) purchase option in year 15 (can purchase the property from the partnership)

What are the financials for DHA in the agreement?

• \$4,902,423 in total income = \$1,925,000 (developer fee) + \$2,977,423 (cash flow), over a 15 year period.

What does DHA plan to do with the revenue gain from this agreement?

- DHA plans to further its core mission to provide quality affordable housing and promote programs to assist families toward self- sufficiency. DHA's waiting list has 3,000 families currently, but it is closed, and they will not be able to reissue any vouchers for the next year.
- Reserve some funding for the purchase option on the development after the 15 year period.
- Use some funds towards their voucher program, due to reduced funding from the Department of Housing and Urban Development HUD. They estimate they will lose approximately 170 vouchers for next fiscal year.
- They plan to use some funds for pre-development costs towards the replacement of their remaining senior housing property.
- Fund Community Partnership with United Way and its partner agencies to address Community Impact issues relating to DHA's mission and goals, (i.e. Security Deposit, Homelessness & veteran housing issues, and programs for families to better enhance their lives).
- Backfill federal budget cuts, allowing DHA to provide housing options for about 170 individuals and families that would otherwise be homeless
- Help funding on-site services and programs for the MedPark residents such services include:
 - o Social events (potluck dinners, game night, movie nights, birthday parties)
 - After school childcare services and programs
 - Health screenings and nutritional courses
 - o GED preparation classes
 - o Annual income tax preparation (offered by an income tax prep service)
 - Quarterly financial planning courses (homebuyer education, credit counseling, investing advice, retirement plans)
 - o Arts, crafts, and other recreational activities
 - Guest lectures
 - Food pantry/common household items

What specifically is in it for the community as a whole?

- **Residents** Both seniors and families will gain access to quality housing that is in extremely high-demand.
 - Denton has a large supply/demand imbalance of quality, affordable rental housing

 a market study conducted last year (surveying 53 apartment communities)
 indicated that the Denton rental market was 98.9% occupied
 - Denton has not had additional affordable units added to its inventory in several years and is projected to create a demand for 3,937 new rental units over the next five years
- Community The development will provide revenue to DHA (backfilling the reduction in HUD funding) and allow DHA to provide housing options for 100 plus individuals and families that would otherwise be homeless
- **City of Denton** The City will receive fees related to construction of the development, i.e. Permit fees, inspection fees, and impact fees
- Local businesses Gain access to consumers that can spend more of their incomes on goods and services vs. rent
 - 6,807 income qualified families and 2,531 income qualified seniors currently live in Denton -- families and seniors that qualify already live in the proposed development -- currently, they are just paying a very high % of their income on rent (reducing their discretionary spending allowances)

What is the loss of the property taxes of a period of time (15 years)?

- Current land value
 - o The land has an agricultural tax exemption and is valued at \$247,672
 - o \$115,030 in tax payments over a 15-year period
- As developed into a workforce housing property
 - o \$4,514,413 over a 15-year period, or \$300,960 per year
 - This assumes that the property is assessed at a similar value to Providence Place, the nearby tax credit property.
 https://www.dentoncad.com/home/details?search=306721
 - o Providence Place is assessed at \$27,945 per unit, less than 1/4 of the value ascribed to market rate properties in Denton
 - Arch at Denton 2010 Construction 210 units Assessed at \$185,000 per unit
 https://www.dentoncad.com/home/details?search=209329&year=2017
 - Lodge at Pecan Shores 2011 Construction 192 units Assessed at \$130,000 per unit

https://www.dentoncad.com/home/results?owner_id=780461&searchby=1

• See attached Property Tax Analysis for more information.

What is a clear definition of work force (or affordable) housing? What does it looks like for Denton?

- Workforce housing = Housing that is restricted to residents (families and seniors) that earn at or below a certain % of Area Median Income (AMI).
- AMI in Denton County = \$71,700.
- Restrictions at MedPark are set at <u>60% of AMI</u>, thus residency will be restricted to tenants earning at/below \$43,020 per year.

• Rents are restricted at \$776 - \$1,057 for 1, 2, and 3 bedroom units. The goal of workforce housing is to provide quality housing options at restricted rental rates, so that residents do NOT pay more than ~30% of their income on rent.

How much work force housing is currently available in Denton?

Current rental market in Denton consists of 82 total rental properties, of which 7 are workforce (8.5% of total). Currently, the workforce properties are 99% occupied.

How much work force housing is needed?

The current occupancies sit at about 99%, and there have been no workforce units added since 2007, and the projected growth in Denton over the next 5-years will likely create a demand for an additional 3,937 rental units. Therefore, the demand for new rental units is extremely high.

Standard / Hudson at MedPark Station

Property Tax Analysis

Current Value

Assumes 2.0% Annual Increase

Property current has an Agricultural Tax Exemption

			Value	Rate				
	Year	Land	Improvements	Total	Per \$100	Tax Pmt		
0	2016	\$ 92,737	\$ 154,935	\$ 247,672	2.49%	\$ 6,171		
1	2017	94,592	158,034	252,625	2.49%	6,295		
2	2018	96,484	161,194	257,678	2.49%	6,421		
3	2019	98,413	164,418	262,832	2.49%	6,549		
4	2020	100,382	167,707	268,088	2.49%	6,680		
5	2021	102,389	171,061	273,450	2.49%	6,814		
6	2022	104,437	174,482	278,919	2.49%	6,950		
7	2023	106,526	177,972	284,497	2.49%	7,089		
8	2024	108,656	181,531	290,187	2.49%	7,231		
9	2025	110,829	185,162	295,991	2.49%	7,375		
10	2026	113,046	188,865	301,911	2.49%	7,523		
11	2027	115,307	192,642	307,949	2.49%	7,673		
12	2028	117,613	196,495	314,108	2.49%	7,827		
13	2029	119,965	200,425	320,390	2.49%	7,983		
14	2030	122,365	204,433	326,798	2.49%	8,143		
15	2031	124,812	208,522	333,334	2.49%	8,306		

Total Payments \$ 115,030

Developed Value, as Tax Credit Property

Assumes 2.0% Annual Increase

			Value		Rate						
_	Year	Land (a)	Improvements (b)	Total	Per \$100	Tax Pmt	Notes	Year	Developer Fee	Cash Flow	Total
1	2016	\$ 92,737	-	\$ 92,737	2.49%	\$ 2,311	Under Construction	2016	962,500	-	962,500
5	2017	94,592	-	94,592	2.49%	2,357	Under Construction	2017	962,500	-	962,500
1	2018	96,484	5,910,472	6,006,955	2.49%	149,678	Lease-Up	2018	-	168,435	168,435
9	2019	98,413	11,820,944	11,919,357	2.49%	297,001	Stabilized	2019	-	174,330	174,330
0	2020	100,382	12,057,362	12,157,744	2.49%	302,941		2020	-	180,432	180,432
4	2021	102,389	12,298,510	12,400,899	2.49%	308,999		2021	-	186,747	186,747
0	2022	104,437	12,544,480	12,648,917	2.49%	315,179		2022	-	193,283	193,283
9	2023	106,526	12,795,369	12,901,895	2.49%	321,483		2023	-	200,048	200,048
1	2024	108,656	13,051,277	13,159,933	2.49%	327,913		2024	-	207,050	207,050
5	2025	110,829	13,312,302	13,423,132	2.49%	334,471		2025	-	214,296	214,296
3	2026	113,046	13,578,548	13,691,594	2.49%	341,160		2026	-	221,797	221,797
3	2027	115,307	13,850,119	13,965,426	2.49%	347,984		2027	-	229,560	229,560
7	2028	117,613	14,127,122	14,244,735	2.49%	354,943		2028	-	237,594	237,594
3	2029	119,965	14,409,664	14,529,629	2.49%	362,042		2029	-	245,910	245,910
3	2030	122,365	14,697,858	14,820,222	2.49%	369,283		2030	-	254,517	254,517
6	2031	124,812	14,991,815	15,116,626	2.49%	376,669		2031		263,425	263,425
0				Tota	l Payments	\$ 4,514,413			\$ 1,925,000	\$ 2,977,423	\$ 4,902,423

Proposed Structure with DHA

Providence Place

Improvement Value	\$ 8,104,193
Units	290
Value/Unit	\$ 27,945

Source: Denton CAD: https://www.dentoncad.com/home/details?search=306721

⁽a) Land = Current Land Valuation

⁽b) Improvements = Per Unit Value of adjacent property (Providence Place) \$27,945 per unit x 423 units = \$11,820,944

May 4, 2017

City of Denton
Sarah Kuechler
Assistant to the City Manager
215 E. McKinney Street
Denton, TX 76201

Re: Resolutions for Developments

Dear Ms. Kuechler,

DHA is in receipt of your request dated May 4, 2017 for answers to additional questions following the City Council meeting held on May 2, 2017, with a required due date of May 5th by 9:00 am.

The answers to most of these questions have been asked and answered and backup documentation and information has been provided to Council and City staff on several occasions. My records indicate: October 18, 2016, February 7th & 21st, 2017, and finally on May 2, 2017.

Please see my responses below:

1. PROPOSED USE:

Reserve funding for purchase option/Standard & Hudson	\$0
Reserve funding for purchase option/Ren. Courts	\$215,000
Funding Voucher Program-HAP*	\$500,000
Funding Voucher Program-Operations*	\$97,000
Pre-Development Cost – replacement of senior housing	\$50,000
Community Impact Grant – United Way	\$100,000
Total:	\$962,000**

Section 8 940/383-1504 Pecan Place 940/484-9535 Heritage Oaks 940/383-1506



*Please note: Any funding <u>not</u> used for the Voucher Program will be used to fund the reserve for purchase option for Standard & Hudson.

**DUE TO THE TIMING OF THIS RESPONSE, THE PROPOSED LIST OF FUNDING HAS NOT GONE BEFORE THE DHA BOARD

2. The City of Denton has a staff liaison, Barbara Ross that receives DHA Board of Commissioner's reports, agendas, and minutes for all monthly and Special called meetings. We will continue to provide her with the same information. We will provide you with a report of any funds allocated to United Way for Community Impact Initiatives as they are approved by our Board annually.

3. Yes, there will be internet access.

- 4. DHA and City staff have spoken to the Superintendent previously, and as of today have requested a written letter as the Council has requested.
- 5. DHA provided the financial information regarding these developments to City staff as reported and reviewed at the May 2, 2017 Council Work Session.

According to the Mayor and Council at the meeting on May 2nd, these Resolutions would be placed on the Council agenda for May 9th. If for some reason they are not, please notify me as soon as possible.

Thank you,

Sherri McDade

Chief Executive Officer

September 14, 2017

City of Denton Sarah Kuechler Assistant to the City Manager 215 E. McKinney Street Denton, TX 76201

Re: Low Income Housing Tax Credit (LIHTC) - Request for Support 2018 Policy

Dear Sarah,

Thank you for meeting with myself, staff, consultant, and a member of our Board of Commissioners on September 6, 2017 regarding your draft of a LIHTC Policy. We shared with you our concerns of the impact this policy would have on the affordable housing community and specifically Denton Housing Authority (DHA). Since we did not receive a copy of this draft prior to this meeting, we could only provide you a brief response. I was a little surprised by this, especially since you had already met with City Council in June.

This Policy is a barrier to affordable housing in the city of Denton, especially for DHA. This policy will unfairly target minority, disabled, and elderly families who are in the most need for affordable housing and will hinder DHA's efforts to provide affordable housing to these vulnerable populations. At a time when affordable housing is a luxury for some, many poor families struggle to make enough to afford rent, even here in the City of Denton. In Texas, a minimum wage worker has to work 93 hours per week in order to afford a modest two-bedroom apartment. (Sources: 2014 American Community Survey, National Low Income Housing Coalition's Out of Reach 2014)

Non-profit developers such as DHA should not be required to "pay to play" in order to develop affordable housing in Denton, when state law, not the whim of the council, has determined that a housing authority is a political subdivision of the state and therefore exempt from property taxes. Just like UNT, TWU, school districts, counties, etc.

This Policy only recreates the LIHTC application process already in place by the state and requires the expenditure of unnecessary dollars at a time when funding from federal agencies have been drastically reduced. The majority of the questions will require work from attorneys, architects, engineers, consultants, costly studies (i.e. traffic impact, market, environmental, etc.) that in most cases would not be required until further along in the state application process. No developer, private or non-profit would want to work with a city that has such strict requirements, just to get a resolution of support or non-opposition.

Section 8 Program 940/383-1504

Pecan Place Apartments 940/484-9535 Heritage Oaks Apartments 940/383-1506



As we explained to you, this is a very competitive process on the state level and there is no guarantee any application will be approved. Your Policy will <u>stop</u> any <u>attempt</u> by DHA to even submit an application. This year Council approved resolutions for two 9% Applications from Developers (only if they did not partner with DHA) and neither of these applications was approved. Note: Council denied the application with the developer who partnered with DHA. The more applications a city can get on the table greatly improves its chances of being awarded limited tax credits to develop affordable housing. The losers are the people in need of affordable housing.

The City was awarded credits in the 9% round in 1996, then not again until 2004 when DHA replaced the old Phoenix Apartments in southeast Denton. The next time an award was received was in 2011, and this was a rehab of an existing property.

The Policy must include the City's policy/plans for affordable housing, as outlined in the Consolidated and Action Plan, Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing Plan, or any other policy or plan that addresses affordable housing. And this Policy must be consistent with these Plans, and what you submit to the federal government for awards of CDBG & HOME funds.

The Policy must define the City's definition of "financial investment in the community". If you are looking for a dollar amount, the Policy must state that amount. If you have programs or initiatives that the City would like funded, the policy should also state this.

The requirement to get letters of support from school districts, county government, and neighborhood associations is another unnecessary barrier and only feeds the "Not In My Backyard" (NIMBY) associated with LIHTC development.

The US Senate and House have introduced related bills, Affordable Housing Credit Improvement Act of 2017 that would prohibit local approval or support. These bills have broad support from across the nation, with bipartisan support in both chambers. The explanation being that these types of provisions can result in the unintended consequence of giving local governments "veto power" over projects, as withholding support could result in the project not getting funded, especially in high opportunity areas such as Denton. The intent of this provision is to prevent "Not In My Backyard" (NIMBY) opposition from interfering with tax credit development.

Senator Orrin Hatch, the bill co-sponsor stated in opening statements at a Finance Committee hearing on *Increasing Access to Affordable Housing* on August 1, 2017: "...guiding principles for tax reform...the principles are: Fairness, efficiency, simplicity, and American competitiveness."

Section 8 Program 940/383-1504

Pecan Place Apartments 940/484-9535 Heritage Oaks Apartments 940/383-1506



As discussed with you, the Policy should also separate the 9% applications from the 4% applications. They are two different programs with different timetables and requirements.

Although I do believe there should be some kind of request process, I do not feel that *recreation* of the state application process is the answer. I believe that the zoning process already fully vets a development and addresses a lot of the duplicative questions in your proposed policy and application. The zoning process allows public comments and citizen input, and a much fairer process than what you have proposed. I believe that this draft should be tabled until the City has done its own study of affordable housing, so you will better understand the need, availability, and resources available; and then develop a Policy. I feel that what you have now is only a deterrent to stop affordable housing in the city of Denton.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on your draft policy and application and I appreciate your willingness to listen. I hope that you will take all these comments into consideration and understand that they come from a place of passion for the families we serve and knowledge of the need in our community.

Sincerely

Sherri McDade

Chief Executive Officer

Denton Housing Authority